

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

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NUMBER 48.

## CLOSING OUT!!

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SUMMER GOODS,

At

Greatly Reduced Prices.

All New Goods, Bought for this  
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The goods are neat, stylish, and in every way desirable. Not a Reduction  
Sale of Old Stickers, but a

Genuine Closing Out Sale

Of small lots. Small ends of the best selling goods we have had in stock at  
the lowest prices you ever heard of.

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Croquet,

Fishing Tackle,

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At greatly Reduced Prices

to close out stock.

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All the newest and latest styles.

We also carry a complete line of groceries, and our prices suit the  
times. Highest prices paid for butter and eggs.

Yours for bargains,

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

### Drowned in Wild Goose Lake.

Last Sunday morning Charles Doudy and William Wilcox went bathing in Wild Goose Lake, near Herman Hudson's residence. After being in the water a short time Wilcox called Doudy twice, this was when he rose to the surface, then he would sink again, the last call being very faint. Doudy swam to the boat and then had about four or five rods to row before he could reach his companion, who by that time had gone down to rise no more. Doudy called to Mr. Hudson, who went to his assistance, but it was some time before they recovered the body. A physician was called but nothing could be done to restore life. It is thought he was taken with cramps, his lungs being filled with water, while there was none in his stomach.

Deceased was about 22 years of age, and a brother of Mrs. Justin Hadley. The remains were taken to the home of his parents at Iosca.

### Receptions.

Miss Anna Bacon gave a very fine reception at her pleasant home on Jackson street, on Thursday evening, July 19, in honor of the Misses Florence Hale and Alice McIntosh, of Grass Lake, who have been Miss Bacon's guests the past few weeks. There was a banquet and a fine musical program, and altogether a delightful evening was enjoyed. Among those present were: Misses Fannie Hoover, Nellie Congdon, Nina Crowell, Etta Hepfer, Jennie Woods, and Messrs. Faye Moon, Nathan Bowen, Max Moon, Alva Steger, Henry Stimson and Chas. Miller.

A large and commodious dwelling and spacious grounds of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Wood, of Jefferson street, were brilliantly illuminated on the evening of the 23rd, inst., the occasion being a reception given by the daughter, Miss Mae, in honor of Miss Lena Cady, of Ithica, and Miss Winifred Potts, of Jackson. At 8.30 the guests began to arrive, and the fun commenced in all its fury and was kept up until midnight. Refreshments were served from booths, which were scattered about the lawn. Among those present were: Miss Nellie Babbitt and Miss Maud Purvis, of Jackson, Miss Katherine Murray, of Detroit, Messrs. Geo. Schanks, John Parker, Thomas Neal, Walter Woods, Stowe Neal, Geo. Muma, of Ann Arbor, Mr. Glenn Stimson, of Parma, Mr. Herbert Dancer, of Lima, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Welch, Misses May Sparks, Mattie Stimson, Anna Bacon, Fannie Hoover, Nellie Lowry, Pearle Davis, Fannie Warner, Nettie Hoover, Mary Pierson and Maude Freer, Messrs. Dr. W. A. Conlan, Bert Sparks, Saxe Stimson, Lewis Vogel, Henry Stimson, Chas. Ireland and Ernest Dancer, of Chelsea. Too much praise cannot be given the hospitable hostess for the charming manner in which she entertained her guests.

### German Day.

Extensive preparations are being made for the fifth annual celebration of the German-Americans of Washtenaw County, which will be held at Recreation Park, Chelsea, Aug. 9, 1894. Societies from the various cities and towns throughout the country will be present, each bringing their own band. The societies and bands, together with the advertising cars of our merchants, will form in line for a parade through the principle streets. The exercises at Recreation Park will open with an address of welcome by P. J. Lehman, followed with orations by Gov. John T. Rich and Congressman Jas. S. Gorman. Also an address in German by Mr. Martin Scheltle. At the close of the speaking the rest of the day will be taken up with sports and games, followed in the evening with fireworks and a ball in Floral Hall.

### Farmer's Picnic.

The Farmer's annual basket picnic will be held at Whitmore Lake, a delightful summer resort with good hotel accommodations, on Saturday, August 25th.

It is expected the nominees for Governor of all political parties represented in Michigan will be present.

Half fare rates will undoubtedly be secured on all railroads.

A cordial invitation is hereby extended to every one. By order of the committee.

HENRY C. WALDRON, President.

R. C. REEVES, Secretary.

F. P. GLAZIER.

S. C. STIMSON.

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OR  
**2 5 CENTS,**

It makes no difference whether your purchase is great or small, you are always well repaid for going to the Bank Drug Store for groceries. Everybody is looking, at present, for prices that they can afford to pay, and we make it our business to

Supply the Wishes  
of  
Everybody

As near as we are able. We are quoting:

Best Family White Fish 45c per 10lb pail.  
Best No. 1 White Fish 90c per 10lb pail.

And we guarantee them to be perfectly satisfactory. Don't run any risk of having your canned fruit spoil when we are selling jars that we guarantee to close perfectly air tight and to be the best can made in all respects.

Best Mason Fruit Jars.

Pint jars with caps and rubbers 75c per dozen.  
Quart jars with caps and rubbers 90c per dozen.  
2-quart jars with caps and rubbers \$1.10 per dozen.  
Extra heavy caps and rubbers.

Pointers  
For  
Purchasers.

Best Dried Beef 10 cents per pound.  
Choicest cream cheese 10 cents per pound.  
Try our coffees. We can please you and save you money.  
24 pounds extra C sugar for \$1.00.  
A good broom for 15 cents.  
Try our Laundry Soap, 7 bars for 25c.

(See price-list on inside page)

F. P. GLAZIER & CO.

## NEW STUDIO!

I desire to inform the public that I shall  
open my Gallery for business,  
Wednesday, August 1st, 1894,

And will be prepared to take photographs for all those kindly favoring me with their patronage.  
On opening day I will present, free of charge, one photo to each child under three years of age who may apply.  
Gallery in Babcock Block.

M. L. BURKHART.

## Central Meat Market!

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Meat Market. In beef products we handle nothing except home-fatted cattle of the best quality. In pork products you will find honest sausage and pure kettle rendered lard. Try our surar cured hams and bacons. They are fine. All kinds of sausage, prime lamb and choice veal. If you want good meats give me your order. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

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Established 1868.

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Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Farmers and Others,

Attention!

Do you wish to exchange farm or personal property, or stocks of goods, livery stocks, hotels, mills, etc., call on or write S. C. STALLKNECHT, Room 20, Carter Building, Jackson, Mich. 29-3

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Kalamazoo Lever Spring Tooth Harrow. The best harrow of the kind invented.

Kalamazoo Spring Tooth Harrow. Stands at the head of all wood frame harrows.

Planters' Pride Solid Steel Frame Cultivator. One of the best.

Machine Oil, all grades, at low prices. Give me a call.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A JOINT resolution was introduced in the senate on the 17th for an amendment to the constitution providing that eight hours shall constitute a legal day's work for persons doing manual labor.

IN the senate on the 18th a bill was passed to reserve for ten years in each of several states 1,000,000 acres of arid lands to be reclaimed and sold in small tracts to actual settlers.

ON the 19th the senate agreed to the conference report on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill and passed the Indian appropriation bill.

IN the senate's lively debate took place on the 20th over the tariff bill. Senator Smith (N. Y.) spoke for the senate bill.

DOMESTIC.

WALTER C. SANGER created a new world's bicycle record at Waltham, Mass. He did the unpaced flying mile in 2:11 2-5.

THE Indiana Federation of Trade and Labor unions in session at Peru placed Eugene V. Debs in the field as a candidate for governor.

GEN. MILES signed a general order removing the federal troops from Chicago.

NELLIE KEENE, a 9-year-old child, hung herself at Bradshaw, W. Va., because she had been kept home from school to care for two babies.

STRIKING longshoremen at Oswego, N. Y., entered the homes of non-union men and beat them and their families in a brutal manner.

Mrs. RACHEL KRING, the last of the eleven original founders of the Methodist church in Fairbury, Ill., is dead, aged 90 years.

INCENDIARIES eluded the officers in the Chicago stock yards and destroyed the wholesale meat market of Nelson Morris & Co., the loss being \$50,000.

JOHN ASCHBACHER, of Louisville, Ky., was beating his helpless wife when he was shot and killed by his daughter.

TWO TRAINMEN were fatally injured by strikers who fired upon them from ambush at Newton, Miss.

NEAR Huntington, W. Va., a woman left her 8-months-old babe under a tree while she picked berries, and the infant was killed and nearly eaten by a horse.

CITIES in Tennessee, Wisconsin and Illinois were shaken by an earthquake, but no serious damage was done.

Gov. HOOG, of Texas, predicts that martial law will be declared in four states within six weeks, and says Chicago anarchists will destroy many lives.

Mrs. SATOLLI has decreed that saloonkeepers may not be elected officers of Catholic societies.

UNKNOWN persons made an attempt to wreck a Big Four passenger train near Muncie, Ind., but the obstruction was discovered and removed.

Gov. TILLMAN, of South Carolina, announces that he will open the state liquor dispensaries again August 1.

L. D. ALEXANDER & Co., bankers and brokers in New York, failed for \$167,417; assets, \$114,354.

THE National Amateur Press association in session at Boston elected Charles R. Bargar, of New Jersey, as president.

THE strike at the National tube works in McKeesport, Pa., was declared off after nine weeks' idleness. Six hundred non-union men were at work.

J. H. JOHNSON, August Nelson and John Diffold were drowned near Port Angeles, Wash., by the upsetting of a boat.

THE fourth international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America was opened at Toronto, Ont., with 8,000 delegates in attendance.

THE New York constitutional convention defeated the woman suffrage movement by a vote of 134 to 4.

AT Minneapolis the new Central market building was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$500,000. Thirty horses and thousands of fowls lost their lives in the conflagration.

WILMORE, a small town in Jessamine county, Ky., was badly damaged by a cyclone and at least a dozen people were injured.

ONE HUNDRED strikers, charged with participation in the riot at the Pratt mines, where seven negroes and deputies were slaughtered, were in jail at Birmingham, Ala.

CHARLES S. WEAVER, of Chicago, representing the Kittson estate, bought the St. Paul Globe at auction, paying \$85,000.

SENATOR HILL, of New York, has been informed the possibilities of revenue from the income tax are from \$12,000,000 to \$32,000,000.

AT Duncombe, Ia., Kirby and Lyon, the Ottumwa senior double, broke all state regatta records, rowing over the course in 3:06 1/2.

SWINDLERS sold to the First national bank of Albuquerque, N. M., a supposed gold brick, weighing 606 ounces, which was found to be copper.

LORD CLINTON won the free-for-all trot at Detroit in 2:08, making a new record for geldings.

WHEAT touched 54 1/2c, the lowest price for cash ever made in Chicago. Toledo and Detroit closed 1 1/2c under Chicago.

NEAR Hudson, O., the boiler of a thrasher engine exploded, killing one man, fatally injuring two others and destroying much property.

THREE miners were killed and two others badly injured by an accident to a hoisting car at Williamstown, Pa.

THROUGH the carelessness of a barber fire was started which destroyed thirty-three business houses at El Paso, Ill., causing a loss of \$250,000.

FIRE destroyed the business portion of Somerset, a village in Indiana.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 20th aggregated \$857,811,437, against \$885,545,777, the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 15.5.

HOWLING mobs pursued the people employed in the laundry at Pullman to their homes and one girl was very roughly handled.

THERE were 236 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 20th, against 237 the week previous and 467 in the corresponding time in 1893.

WILLIAM WAITE, aged 46, of Chesterfield, Ind., was found leaning against a tree dead. He had been there thirty-six hours.

By the wrecking of an excursion train near Oakland City, Ind., one man was killed and three others fatally injured.

DEB's review of trade says business is still paralyzed throughout the country by the recent great railway strike and slow work in congress.

AT Ogden's grove, in Chicago, members of labor organizations hissed the name of President Cleveland and praised Debs and his officers.

SIX Coxeyites were arrested for begging bread in the city of Washington. Hunger has made the commonwealers desperate.

Gov. ALTGELD inspected the Chicago stock yards district and ordered the troops kept in the vicinity indefinitely. Trains on the various railways were running as usual.

THE drought in several western states, which was threatening the destruction of crops, was broken by a general rain.

CAPT. JOHN CRANGLE, a lake navigator, shot his wife twice and then killed himself at Racine, Wis. He was insane from ill health.

TWENTY-FIVE families were rendered homeless by fire in the thickly settled tenement district of Newark, N. J.

AT the Y. M. C. A. bicycle meet in Jamestown, N. Y., A. B. Goehler, of Buffalo, broke the American 5-mile record, winning the race in 12:31.

FURTHER withdrawals for export reduced the gold reserve in the treasury on the 20th to \$61,000,000, the lowest point in years.

JOSEPH WALLWITZ was hanged at Trenton, N. J., for the murder of Deputy Prison Keeper Lippincott on the night of March 1, 1894.

PETER DAVIS, Dan Washington and Charles Ezell (all colored) were hanged on the same scaffold at Montgomery, Ala., for murder.

OWING to the hard times over 5,000 foreigners, principally Italians, Slavs and Hungarians, have left Cleveland, O., for Europe.

A FIRE in Birmingham, Ala., destroyed property valued at \$600,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

SOUTH DAKOTA prohibitionists put a ticket in the field headed by M. D. Alexander for governor.

THE following congressional nominations were reported: Illinois, Eleventh district, R. R. Gibbons (dem.) Fourteenth, J. V. Graff (rep.). Fifteenth, Col. B. F. Marsh (rep.), renominated; Twentieth, Rev. W. C. Willey (pro.). Ohio, Twelfth district, D. K. Watson (rep.); Seventeenth, A. S. McClure (rep.). Kansas, Fourth district, T. J. O'Neal (dem.). Missouri, Fourth district, W. S. Messner (pop.). Indiana, Tenth district, William Johnson (rep.). Georgia, First district, R. E. Lester (dem.)

NOMINATIONS for congress were made as follows: Iowa, Sixth district, John F. Lacey (rep.), renominated; Seventh, J. R. Barcroft (pop.); Ninth, A. L. Hager (rep.). Illinois, Fifteenth district, Truman Plantz (dem.). Indiana, Tenth district, Valentine Zimmerman (dem.). Kansas, Second district, H. L. Moore (dem.). Kentucky, Third district, C. A. McElroy (dem.)

IN state convention at Boston the people's party nominated George H. Cary, of Lynn, for governor. The platform demands the abolition of all banks of issue and the establishment of postal savings banks, an eight-hour working day, universal suffrage and a graduated income tax.

THE Minnesota prohibitionists in convention at St. Paul nominated a state ticket with H. S. Hillebee, of Wilmar, for governor. The platform, besides the usual prohibition planks, declares in favor of retaliatory tariff reform, with the question of revenue simply, incidental thereto.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Eleventh district, T. C. Fallerton (rep.). Arkansas, Fifth district, John C. Peel (pop.); Sixth, A. T. Tanner (pop.). Wisconsin, Seventh district, George B. Shaw (rep.) renominated. Maryland, Seventh district, G. P. Tiffin (pop.). Missouri, Fifteenth district, C. A. Burton (rep.). North Carolina, Third district, J. G. Shaw (dem.)

RICHARD R. PEARCE, father of seventeen children, and the oldest man in Rock Island county, died at Moline, Ill., aged 95 years.

CONGRESSMAN BRECKINRIDGE, of Arkansas, has been appointed to succeed Minister White at St. Petersburg, Russia.

IN convention at Grand Forks the North Dakota republicans nominated Roger Allin for governor and M. U. Johnson for congress. The platform declares in favor of woman suffrage and favors both gold and silver.

THE following congressional nominations were reported: Wisconsin, Third district, J. W. Babcock (rep.) renominated; Sixth, Samuel A. Cook (rep.). Missouri, Twelfth district, N. O. Nelson (single tax); Fourteenth, Norman A. Mosley (rep.). Arkansas, Second district, J. A. Norris (pop.)

THE populists in state convention at Little Rock, Ark., nominated D. E. Barker for governor.

FOREIGN.

VICEROY CHANG GHISMUNG's new gun factory at Hansan, China, was destroyed by fire, involving a loss of over a million taels.

THE cholera epidemic was assuming alarming proportions in Russia, the present visitation being of a much more intense and fatal character than were the outbreaks of the two previous years.

THREE sisters, Emma Faber, aged 20; Mary Faber, aged 18, and Dorothy Faber, aged 4, were drowned while bathing near Nanaimo, B. C.

THE Brazilian congress declared the result of the vote for president and vice president. Barras and Pereira received an overwhelming majority.

ADVICES from Honolulu announce that the Hawaiian islands have been declared a republic with Sanford B. Dole as president.

JOHN H. CHAPMAN, of Chicago, was reelected president of the Baptist Young People's union at the annual meeting in Toronto.

OFFICERS investigating governmental accounts in Salvador state that Ezeta and his assistants left a shortage of \$10,000,000.

A STEAMER was sunk off Starlitank, province of Oofa, Russia, and 100 persons were drowned.

LATER.

THE United States senate was not in session on the 21st. In the house a resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of senators by the direct vote of the people was passed by a two-thirds majority. The senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bills were disagreed to and conferees appointed. A petition from residents of Des Moines, Ia., asking for the impeachment of Attorney General Olney was presented.

CASIMIRO ARENO shot and killed his wife and her paramour, Refugio Ortiz, at Antonio, Col.

THE spread of cholera was assuming alarming proportions at St. Petersburg, Russia, the deaths numbering 100 daily.

OVER a thousand persons are now known to have lost their lives in the recent earthquakes in Turkey.

A GLOBE burst in the mountains of the Prieta district, southwest of Saltillo, Mexico, washed houses away and drowned fifteen men.

IT was rumored in Shanghai that war had been declared between China and Japan and that both nations were hurrying troops to Corea.

JAMES R. GODFREY, the last chief of the Miami tribe of Indians, died at his home near Fort Wayne, Ind.

A DROUGHT which had prevailed for five years and caused the loss of many cattle in the vicinity of Durango, Mexico, was broken by a heavy rain.

A NEW counterfeit \$20 national bank note was discovered on the national bank of Barre, Vt.

THE schooner Golden Rule, from the West Indies for Boston, was wrecked and her crew of seven was lost.

W. J. MARTIN, a Muncie (Ind.) glass worker, drank two gallons of water on a wager and died two hours later.

AN appeal for the support of the public in the fight with the Pullman company was issued by the officers of the A. R. U.

THOMAS BROWN, a Coal City (Ill.) miner, shot and instantly killed his wife and then killed himself. Jealousy was the cause.

GEORGE E. WHITE was nominated for congress by the Fifth district republican convention in Chicago.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 21st were: Baltimore, .667; Boston, .662; New York, .597; Cleveland, .563; Brooklyn, .559; Philadelphia, .537; Pittsburgh, .526; Cincinnati, .479; St. Louis, .454; Chicago, .403; Louisville, .394; Washington, .370.

GAVE HIS VIEWS.

President Cleveland Writes a Letter to Chairman Wilson.

He Endorses the House Tariff Bill—Favors Free Coal and Iron—In the Interest of Peace Would Compromise on a Duty on Sugar.

TEXT OF THE LETTER.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The following is the full text of President Cleveland's letter to Chairman Wilson which the latter had read in the house during his speech on the tariff disagreement:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, July 2, 1894 (Personal), William L. Wilson—My Dear Sir: The certainty that a conference will be ordered between the two houses of congress for the purpose of adjusting differences on the subject of tariff legislation makes it also certain that you will be again called on to do hard service in the cause of tariff reform. My public life has been so closely related to the subject, I have so longed for its accomplishment, and I have so often promised its realization to my fellow-countrymen as a result of their trust and confidence in the democratic party, that I hope no excuse is necessary for my earnest appeal to you that in this crisis you strenuously insist upon party honesty and good faith and a sturdy adherence to democratic principles. I believe these are absolutely necessary conditions to the continuation of democratic existence.

"There is no mistaking or misapprehending the feeling and the temper of the rank and file of the democracy. They are dismayed under the assertion that their party fails in ability to manage the government and they are apprehensive that efforts to bring about tariff reform may fail; but they are much more downcast and apprehensive in their fear that democratic principles may be surrendered. In these circumstances they cannot do otherwise than to look with confidence to you and those who with you have patriotically and sincerely championed the cause of tariff reform within democratic lines and guided by democratic principles.

"This confidence is vastly augmented by the action under your leadership of the house of representatives upon the bill now pending. Every true democrat and every sincere tariff reformer knows that this bill in its present form and as it will be submitted to the conference, falls far short of the consummation for which we have long labored, for which we have suffered defeat without discouragement; which, in its anticipation, gave us a rallying cry in our day of triumph, and which, in its promise of accomplishment, is so interwoven with democratic pledges and democratic success that our abandonment of the cause or the principles upon which it rests means party perjury and party dishonor.

"One topic will be submitted to the conference which embodies democratic principles so directly that it cannot be compromised. We have in our platform and in every way possible declared in favor of the free importation of raw materials. We have again and again promised that this should be accorded to our people and our manufacturers with power to determine the tariff policy of the country. The party now has that power. We are as certain to-day as we have ever been of the great benefit that would occur to the country from the inauguration of this policy, and obligation to secure this advantage to our people.

"It must be admitted that no tariff measure can accord with democratic principles and promises or bear a genuine democratic badge that does not provide for free raw material. In these circumstances it may excite our wonder that democrats are willing to depart from this the most democratic of all tariff principles, and that the inconsistent absurdity of such a proposed departure should be emphasized by the suggestion that the wool of the farmer be put on the free list, and the protection of tariff taxation be placed around the iron ore and coal of corporations and capitalists. How can we face people after indulging in such outrageous discriminations and violations of free raw material ground since their subscription to any rate of tariff taxation, great or small, is alike a violation of democratic principles and democratic good faith.

"I hope you will not consider it intrusive if I say something in relation to another subject which, I hardly fail to be troubled to the conference. I refer to the adjustment of the tariff taxation on sugar. Under our party platform and in accordance with our declared party purpose of revenue reform and logical article of revenue reform. Unfortunately, however, incidents have accompanied certain stages of the legislation which will be submitted to the conference that have aroused in connection with this subject a natural democratic distrust and combinations. I confess to sharing in this feeling. While no tenderness should be entertained for trusts, and while I am decidedly opposed to granting them under the guise of tariff taxation any opportunity to further their peculiar methods, I suggest that we ought not to be driven away from the democratic principle and policy which lead to the taxation of sugar by the fear, quite likely exaggerated, that in carrying out this principle and policy we may indirectly and inordinately encourage a combination of sugar and interests.

"I know that in present conditions this is a delicate subject and I appreciate the depth and has aroused. I do not believe we should do that which should not forget that our aim is the complete abolition of a tariff bill and that in taxing sugar for protective purposes and within reasonable bounds, where there is any danger of counter to democratic principles. With all there is at stake there must be in the treatment of this article some ground upon which we are willing to stand, where toleration and conciliation may be allowed to solve the problem without demanding the entire surrender of fixed and conscientious convictions.

"In the conclusions of the conference touching the numerous other items which will be considered, the people are not afraid that their interests will be neglected. They know that the general result, so far as these are concerned, will be to place home necessities and comforts easily within their reach and to insure better and surer compensation to those who toil.

"We all know that a tariff law, covering all the varied interests and conditions of a country as vast as ours, must of necessity be largely the result of honorable compromise. I expect every one is perfectly satisfied when our measure as we would prefer. You know how much I value the income tax feature. In the proposed bill, however, which do not violate a fixed and recognized democratic doctrine, we are willing to defer to the judgment of a majority of our democratic brethren. I think there is a general agreement that that is a generosity. This is more palpably apparent when timidly stands the business of our country our efforts to perfect a tariff legislation, that a upon a wise adjustment and that confiding and well being.

"The democracy of the land pleads most earnestly for the speedy completion of the tariff legislation which their representatives earnestly carry that no stress of necessity shall tempt those they trust to the abandonment of democratic principle. Yours very truly, GROVER CLEVELAND."

Free from Dust. The Great Northern Railway has a rock-balanced track, free from dust. The line carries and operates its entire equipment of Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, High-back Seated Day Coaches and Smoking Cars. The famous Buffet-Library-Observation Car runs on through trains between St. Paul, Minneapolis and the Pacific Coast. Write E. L. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn. for publications and information about routes, rates, etc.

"IS THAT a real Englishman of title that is devoting himself to Miss Goldcoin?" "Yes." "Can you tell by the way he drops his hat?" "No, by the way he tries to pick up y's and x's."—Inter Ocean.

Hall's Catarrch Cure Is taken Internally Price 75c. THE game of life is great sport until one finds oneself the game.—Puck.

Impure Blood

Manifests itself in hot weather in hives, pimples, boils and other eruptions which disfigure the face and cause great annoyance. The cure is found in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures. Hood's Sarsaparilla which makes the blood pure and removes all such disfigurements. It also gives strength, creates an appetite and invigorates the whole system. Get Hood's Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELLED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & KID. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 2 WORKINGMEN EXTRA FINE. \$2.12 12 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. \$3.25 \$2.12 12 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe. Because, we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes are custom work in style, easy fitting and wear equal quality. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

BIG FOUR ROUTE. BEST LINE TO CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS AND ALL SOUTHERN POINTS. ARRANGE YOUR TRIP VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE.

E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic General Passenger and Manager. CINCINNATI, O.

TAKE A REST GO EAST GO VIA THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE AMERICA'S BEST RAILWAY.

VISIT SOME OF THE DELIGHTFUL MOUNTAIN, LAKE OR SEA SHORE RESORTS OF THE EAST. A FULL LIST OF WHICH WITH ROUTES AND RATES WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

SEND 10c. IN STAMPS or Silver for Beautiful Litho-View Color View of the "FAMOUS EXPOSITION FLYER," the fastest long distance train ever run.

C. K. WILBER, West. P. A., CHICAGO.

On the face and back of every card of genuine De Long PAT. Hooks and Eyes will be found the words: See that hump? TRADE-MARK REG. APR. 1894. Richardson & De Long Bros., Philadelphia.

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THE TOWN.

God's country for the souls that are at rest:  
Bright noons a-drowsing o'er its slumbrous  
leas:  
Even's fair herald in a boundless west,  
The day-dawn flush, the night's calm mys-  
teries.  
But ah! when spirit-winds blow chill, when  
care  
Broods on our fortunes with a surly frown,  
When loss, negation, scorn are ours to bear,  
Give me the town!  
Yonder the lark sings o'er the light-kissed  
plain  
Early, at even, through some quiet vale,  
First love owns, half with pleasure, half with  
pain.  
The passion music of the nightingale,  
But here, men's voices, through exchange and  
mark.  
Men's footsteps ringing blithely up and down,  
Warm human strength, close beating heart to  
heart.  
In the wide town!  
Ye who would find a balm in solitude,  
And peace where foot of man doth rarely  
tread,  
Oblivion's home is with the multitude,  
Surely with us, who labor for our bread—  
Nay, not for bread alone; a purer strife,  
A deeper, nobler struggle for renown,  
Wealth, honor, far—all that is best in life,  
Thrills through the town!  
Joy should be monarch of green vales and  
bowers,  
With hands as white as lily-buds in spring,  
Ruling her court 'mid bird-notes, brooks and  
flowers.  
But here strong life demands a lusty king,  
Throned on philosophies, the wisest dream,  
Man's will his scepter, woman's love his  
crown.  
Red-handed toil, with energy supreme,  
Rules the great town!  
—Ray Deene, in N. Y. Independent.



WILLIAM BROWN.

(Copyright, 1894, by the Author.)  
There had been no rain on Dancing  
Branch for nearly two months.  
Capt. Twitchell was greatly con-  
cerned about his corn and also his cot-  
ton. The corn would not ear well nor  
the cotton make good bolls, unless  
water were forthcoming in some shape  
before many days. He was likewise  
at this time greatly troubled about his  
only daughter. He hardly knew which  
of his worries was the greater. Yet  
there was a difference. He knew just  
then of no way by which he could con-  
trol Jupiter Pluvius, yet he could—or  
thought he could—control his daugh-  
ter, Nisby. Nisby, it may be said, was  
the local interpetition of Sophonisba.  
"If the cussed crops do go up," he  
soliloquized, "I reckon we'll have to  
stand the racket somehow. But, by  
mighty!"—this was the captain's  
favorite oath—"by mighty, sir! If  
John Henry Padget marries Nisby  
Twitchell 'bout my consent he'll get  
up airlier and stay up longer than  
most fools of his left usually do."  
But, in the nature of things, there  
were sundry protests and plottings  
against the parental fiat.  
"I declare!" said Nisby, during one  
of the stolen interviews down at the  
captain's spring house, which the per-  
sistence of John Henry had brought  
about when his adored one went after  
water, "I don't know what we'd bet-  
ter do. Paw'd as soon see me marry  
the Old Feller himself as you, John  
Henry. I reely can't see what makes  
him so set against ye."  
"I'll tell you why, Nisby. It's pure,  
darned mulishness, if he is your paw.  
But don't you worry. I've studied it  
all over and I've thought up a scheme  
worth two of his yet. If ever'thing  
works out well, your father may pos-  
sibly save his cotton, but he's bound to  
lose his girl, sure as God made little  
apples!"  
"I always know'd you was smart,  
John Henry," and Nisby, under the  
glow of this confession, allowed her  
lover to kiss her without boxing his  
ears, after the most approved Dancing  
Branch manner. "Tell me what you're  
up to, anyhow."  
"Now, Nisby, never you mind. All  
you've got to do is to stay right at  
home until you hear from me again."  
"You know I ain't never 'lowed to  
go anywhere sence me and you been  
talkin'. Pa, he keeps as close a watch  
as if I was gold and he was 'feared  
some one would steal me, and ma, she  
hardly ever turns her eyes at night.  
Ever-time I shuts over she'll holler  
out: 'That you, Nisby?' and when I  
don't answer, she'll come and feel to  
see if I'm in the bed."  
"Y-o-u, Nisby!" now came in shrill  
feminine tones from the direction of  
the captain's house. "Where be you?"  
"Now, John Henry, you skip," said  
Nisby, submitting to another Dancing  
Branch caress. "That's maw. She'll  
be down here soon's I answer."  
The young man vanished in the sur-  
rounding bushes, while Nisby, taking  
up her pail of water, proceeded toward  
the house, sending on ahead of her the  
cry:  
"I'm a comin', maw."  
A few days later on the news flew  
up and down Dancing Branch that  
Prof. Drydapper, the famous govern-  
ment expert, was about to visit that  
region in order to test some of his pec-  
uliar theories in regard to producing  
rain by artificial means. The pro-

essor, it was said, had recently been  
deluging the people of southern and  
western Texas, and now proposed to  
show the folks in middle Georgia how  
to bamboozle nature into tears with a  
few chemicals artistically applied.  
"By mighty, sir!" quoth the captain,  
"I don't believe the man can construct  
a decent sprinkle."  
But the more he looked at his shriv-  
eling corn and cotton, the less  
skeptical he grew. Presently it was  
announced that Prof. Drydapper would  
make his first bow—so to speak—be-  
fore a Dancing Branch audience on  
Capt. Twitchell's farm.  
About that time Nisby received a  
letter by special messenger and  
furtively conveyed, that seemed to  
put her in high good humor. She  
would explain nothing to anybody,  
but went about the house as chirrupy  
and frisky as a squirrel in nutting  
time. Previously she had been rather  
moody and preoccupied.  
"Can't see what's come over the  
girl," said her father. "If that John  
Henry was about, I should say he was  
responsible."  
But, though Mr. Padget had not  
been seen on Dancing Branch for, as  
some expressed it, "a month of Sun-  
days," his absence was more than re-  
placed to the captain's mind by an  
agent of the great Drydapper. By the  
time the latter had finished explain-  
ing and persuading, Capt. Twitchell  
had agreed to give up his big barn  
down in the Branch bottom for the  
purpose of furthering the professor's  
cloud-compelling operations.  
"Mind you, though," stipulated the  
prudent captain, "if the rain don't  
come, that feller has got to pay me for  
the use of my barn."  
Late one afternoon the great Dry-  
dapper arrived with a negro, a mule,  
a covered wagon tightly closed and a  
tremendous air of mystery and impor-  
tance. He drove straight to the big  
barn in the bottom and instructed his  
darky to close the doors. Shortly he  
came out and took a sage survey of the  
heavens, with the air of a Solomon  
who held the clerk of the weather con-  
tinually at his beck and call. He was  
small of stature, yet of great—not to  
say terrible—dignity. In fact, his dig-  
nity was so overpowering that Capt.  
Twitchell completely neglected to let  
the professor know of his intentions  
regarding the rent.  
His professional preparations were  
to be made in secret down at the big  
barn that night. All that he could be  
got to say was:  
"By morning, look out for signs of  
rain. You had all better go to bed;  
but if you will hang round that barn  
it might be safer to bring your um-  
brellas. There is no knowing what  
may happen—see?"  
And he withdrew, magnificent in his  
impenetrability. But, when relieved  
of the oppressiveness of the professor's  
presence, the captain's natural skepti-  
cism asserted itself for a moment.  
"I half-believe he is a large-sized  
humbug," said he.  
But later on, when they told him  
that half the population of Dancing  
Branch was squatting, sitting and  
standing around his barn, curiosity  
got the better of prudence.  
"Old woman," he said, "you keep an  
eye on Nisby here, and I'll just run



A LETTER BY SPECIAL MESSENGER.

down there and see what that fool is  
up to, anyhow."  
So the captain disappeared, but did  
not return. Mrs. Twitchell, feeling  
likewise the itch of an unsatisfied  
desire, finally grew ungovernably rest-  
less.  
"Dear sizz!" she complained. "What  
can be a-keepin' the captain so? In  
generally, he never stays out later than  
eight o'clock. Put on your bonnet and  
shawl, Nisby, and we'll jest step down  
there and fetch your paw back."  
"The girl obeyed and the two hurried  
toward the bottom. On the way Nisby  
complained that her head was hurting  
her worse. She had invented a prudent  
headache previously. She was allowed  
to return on condition of her going im-  
mediately to bed. Sundry blue and  
red flashes through the cracks in the  
barn completely conquered the old  
lady. She determined to witness Dry-  
dapper's combat with nature if she  
sat up all night.  
This she did; while, unconscious of  
the vicinity of his wife, the captain  
watched and nodded at a little distance  
amid the crowd. The hours passed  
slowly, yet the people remained.  
The professor had forbidden lights  
or fires, as being inimical to his suc-  
cess. The captain and his wife stayed  
on, however, risking rheumatism, and  
on, however, risking rheumatism, and  
whetting their tempers with delay.  
When morning at last peeped over

the eastern hills upon this sleepy and  
peevish audience, there was neither  
any sign of rain in the sky nor life in-  
side the barn.  
"I said he was a humbug," exclaimed  
the captain, as he wrathfully burst  
open the barn doors.  
The crowd poured in, to find only  
the mule and wagon. Inside the last  
were some empty boxes. But there  
was no Drydapper and likewise no  
negro.  
"I believe that's Bras Newman's  
mule and wagin," said one man from  
over about Three Forks.  
"Bras is own cousin to John Henry,"  
thought the captain, growing suspi-  
cious at once. "Hello, old woman!" he  
added, noticing his wife at last.  
"Where's Nisby?"  
But the old lady was making double-  
quick tracks for the house. The cap-  
tain followed. A couple met them  
smilingly at the door. It was Sopho-  
nisba and John Henry.  
"What be you a-doin' here?" de-



manded the captain of the young man.  
"Nisby Twitchell!" cried the moth-  
er. "If you don't—"  
"Egscuse me, marm," interrupted  
John Henry, "Sophonisba Padget is  
her name now. Parson Green, he mar-  
ried us 'long about three hour and a  
half ago."  
"Well, I never!" exclaimed Mrs.  
Twitchell, but she was too overcome  
to say more just then.  
"Swindled out'n rain and daughter,  
too," groaned the captain, while the  
neighbors behind him began to grin  
and chuckle.  
"Well," argued John Henry, "you  
fo'ced me to study up some plan to  
get Nisby, so I got Cousin Bras and his  
hired nigger man to fix up like Bras  
was Drydapper; the scheme took bet-  
ter'n I expected, owin' to the drought.  
I had ever'thing ready, so while you  
alls was down to the barn, me and  
Nisby, we slipped off'n got married."  
"Fooled!" grumbled the captain, sit-  
ting down and looking about discon-  
solately.  
"Never mind, paw," said Nisby en-  
couragingly. "The real, all-wool  
Drydapper is coming to-morrow. Let's  
go in to breakfast. Gettin' married is  
hard work, and I'm hongry, too."  
So matters were gradually smoothed  
out, and when the genuine Drydapper  
did finally arrive he brought a verita-  
ble cloudburst in his wake. Dancing  
Branch bottoms were overflowed, and,  
at last accounts, the captain had  
striven to negotiate with the profes-  
sor for a spell of dry weather.  
Some people are never satisfied.

His Authority.  
Some years ago, at the trial of a  
cause before a justice of the peace in  
one of the southern states, a decidedly  
novel legal authority was cited by one  
of the learned members of the bar,  
which wrought some slight confusion  
in the courtroom.  
"The court will please observe," re-  
marked this acute counsel, with much  
deliberation and in a most ponderous  
manner, "that in the case of Shylock  
vs. Antonio, although judgment was  
rendered in favor of the plaintiff, yet  
circumstances prevented the execu-  
tion which had issued from being car-  
ried into effect, in spite of that fact."  
"To what cause," inquired the jus-  
tice, with a face overspread with per-  
plexity, "did the court understand the  
gentleman to refer?"  
"Shylock vs. Antonio, 2d Shakes-  
peare, page 235, Johnson's edition," re-  
turned the counsel, solemnly. "The  
court will there find the case reported  
in full."  
The court unfortunately did not,  
upon reflection, consider the author-  
ity quoted as quite sufficient.—Youth's  
Companion.  
Suppressing Evidence.  
Aunt Sarah Jane—I b'lieve them  
Oldhams is gitten to be regular agnos-  
tics. They don't keep the family Bible  
on the center table in the best room  
no more.  
Aunt Ann Eliza—Well, 'tisin't their  
religion they're hiding. It's their age,  
Them Oldham girls is getting on.—  
Truth.  
—She—"And so you have been to  
Washington and actually stepped upon  
the sacred-floor of the house of rep-  
resentatives? Were you not fired with  
enthusiasm?" He—"No; by the door-  
keeper."—Boston Transcript.  
—Jasper—"Philadelphia is the city  
of brotherly love, isn't it?" Jump-  
uppe (sadly)—"Yes, and my experience  
with the girls around here leads me to  
believe that New York is the City of  
sisterly affection."—Harper's Bazar.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Health in Michigan.  
During the week ended July 14 re-  
ports sent in by fifty-three observers  
in various portions of the state to the  
state board of health indicated that  
tonsillitis and diarrhea increased and  
influenza, intermittent fever and  
scarlet fever decreased in area of  
prevalence. Typhoid fever was re-  
ported at twenty-one places, diph-  
theria at eighteen, measles at twenty-  
one, scarlet fever at twenty-nine,  
consumption at two hundred and  
twenty-four, and smallpox at Grand  
Rapids, Detroit, Sturgis, Frenchtown,  
Berlin, Pontiac, Clayton and Macomb.

Destructive Forest Fires.  
Probably a hundred men, women  
and children, inhabitants of a 10-mile  
section of the southern part of Is-  
abella county, were made homeless on  
account of forest fires, causing much  
suffering and privation. A lumber  
camp of the Gale Lumber company  
was destroyed with many acres of  
green timber. Three small sawmills,  
many houses, crops, bridges, fences,  
etc., were burned, but there was no  
loss of life.

Moving to the Cities.  
Returns from the state census, the  
taking of which has just been com-  
pleted, are being received at the office  
of the secretary of state. A remark-  
able fact in connection with the census  
is that the returns from the first  
eighteen counties received show a de-  
crease since 1890 in population outside  
of thirteen cities of about 19,000. The  
population of the thirteen cities in-  
creased 79,000 during the past four  
years.

Gets Three Years.  
Albert Rozelle, the Belgian who  
stabbed Albert Richert about a month  
ago in Port Huron and pleaded guilty  
to the crime, was sentenced by Judge  
Vance to three years at Jackson. Cam-  
ille Vanhoo, who was also mixed up  
in the affray, was fined \$15 on the  
charge of assault and battery.

Has Hypnotic Power.  
It is said that a Grand Rapids den-  
tist has the hypnotic power so strong-  
ly that he can persuade patients that  
they are swinging in hammocks and  
eating ice cream while he is at work  
on their molars. It may be superfluous  
to add that his pull is increasing grand-  
ly and rapidly.

Died at the Bench.  
Warren VanAllen, a wagonmaker at  
Jonesville, died at his bench while at  
work, from a stroke of paralysis, aged  
61 years. He was a member of the  
Thirty-fourth Regiment of New York  
volunteers, Company B. He leaves a  
widow and five sons, also a brother  
and sister.

Thirty-One Years Old.  
A Vicksburg man while huckle-  
berrying found a mud turtle, on the  
bottom of which were the letters "E.  
D. 1863." These are the initials of the  
man who worked on that farm in  
1863, and are supposed to have been  
made by him.

A Flammlamer Discharged.  
John Murray, who was arrested May  
5 at Vassar for flammlaming a Union-  
ville farmer out of \$30 with the watch  
trick was discharged the other day on  
payment of all costs in the case,  
which he says amounted to nearly  
\$450.

Short But Newsw Items.  
Vicksburg's population is 934, a gain  
of thirteen over 1890.  
It cost Hillsdale fifteen dollars to  
care for the Coxeyites.  
A severe hailstorm at East Tawas  
did much damage to crops and gar-  
dens.

Alonzo J. Whiteman, who was under  
arrest at Detroit, confessed to exten-  
sive forgeries.  
The Mount Pleasant Lumber com-  
pany expects to cut 7,000,000 feet of  
lumber this year.  
The Marine band of Coldwater won  
the first prize of \$50 at the state tour-  
nament at Jackson.

Agents are now figuring to make  
Menominee the great distributing  
point for the Michigan fruit belt.  
Calumet is disappointed because a  
communication has been received from  
the postal authorities saying that free  
delivery has been indefinitely post-  
poned.

An estimate based upon the returns  
received places the population of the  
state at 2,350,000.  
A state teacher's institute will be  
held at Ithaca beginning August 27.  
Harry Thurber, aged 24, of Quincy,  
was drowned while bathing in the lake  
there.

Frank O'Mara, aged 18, was killed  
near Kalamazoo by a span of colts  
running away.  
Traverse City is to have a big chair-  
making industry, the Ionia prison fur-  
nishing the cane seats.

A Chicago man has bought 600 acres  
of land in Robinson township, Ottawa  
county, for \$50,000, and will establish  
a dairy and stock farm.  
From present indications the potato  
crop of Ontonagon county will be the  
largest in the history of the county,  
providing the bugs do not get the start  
of the Paris green.

The strikers at the East Tawas mills  
applied for reinstatement, but Mr.  
Emery refused to discharge the men  
who took their places. This means  
that over sixty will be obliged to look  
elsewhere for employment.

WAR ALMOST CERTAIN.

China and Japan About to Fight for Su-  
premacy in Corea.

LONDON, July 23.—A dispatch to the  
Times from Shanghai says that war  
between China and Japan is consid-  
ered certain. The London reporter  
of the Associated press visited the Ja-  
nese legation here to learn if possible  
whether the report was true that war  
had been declared between China and  
Japan because of the differences be-  
tween the two powers in regard to  
Corea. No official denial or confirma-  
tion of the report could be had, but the  
whole staff of the legation made no  
attempt to disguise their delight at the  
thought of war with China. At the  
Chinese legation it was stated that no  
news of a declaration of war had been  
received. It was added that if the  
rumor was true the first report of it  
would come from Japan and not from  
China.

The latest information received at  
the legation was to the effect that 10,-  
000 Chinese troops had started for  
Corea. Japan had rejected the propo-  
sals made by the British minister,  
although the latter had counseled a  
peaceful settlement of the dispute.  
The Chinese government had there-  
upon declared that unless the Japanese  
troops were withdrawn from Seoul and  
Chemulpo, China would break off the  
negotiations. The officials, when  
further questioned, said they dis-  
credited the rumor that war had been  
declared.

SHANGHAI, July 23.—China continues  
to make preparations to assert her al-  
leged rights in Corea, and from the  
present indications it is judged that  
war is inevitable unless Japan recedes  
from the position she has hitherto  
maintained. Orders have been sent to  
every Chinese province calling upon  
each of them to furnish 20,000 troops  
to aid in the support of the govern-  
ment.

NEW YORK, July 23.—The causes of  
the present trouble over Corea are  
thus enumerated in an interview in  
London by Henry Norman, an English-  
man who has spent some time in that  
country:

"First of all comes a permanent ill-feeling  
between Chinese and Japanese, who have a  
rooted dislike for one another. Second, their  
mutual jealousy as the two great far eastern  
powers. Third, there are Japan's vastly pre-  
ponderant interests—population, shipping,  
trade—in Corea, against China's ancient  
suzerainty and her modern political con-  
trol of Corea affairs. Fourth, the  
rebellion in Corea, threatening all foreigners,  
including Japanese, stands for something, but  
not so much as has been made out, for Corea  
rebells are not very serious affairs. Fifth,  
Japan is exasperated by the deceiving of the  
pro-Japanese-Corean rebel, Kim-Ok-Kyun,  
from his refuge in Tokio and his brutal  
murder in Shanghai, winked at by the  
Chinese government. Sixth, Japan is  
afraid, not without reason, that China is about  
to settle her difficulties with Russia by allow-  
ing the latter to occupy a port on the east coast  
of Corea. Finally both countries believe them-  
selves to possess powerful forces of the  
European kind, and are not sorry to have an  
opportunity of showing what they can do with  
them. This is much truer of Japan than of  
China.

FRIENDS OF SILVER.

Called to Meet in Convention at Wash-  
ington August 18.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Gen. A. J.  
Warner, president of the American  
Bimetallic league, has issued the fol-  
lowing address:

"The country has now had a year's ex-  
perience under the gold-standard policy since  
the acts of 1893 closing the mints of India and  
the stoppage of the coinage of silver in the  
United States. The results of this experience  
are manifest on every hand in the business de-  
pression of the country, in labor strikes and  
in general discontent that everywhere pre-  
vails.  
"Congress will soon complete its work, and  
the general situation and the prospects before  
the country will then be fully disclosed. Some  
state elections, involving the election of  
United States senators, have already been en-  
tered upon, and the campaign for the election  
of members of the house of the Fifty-fourth  
congress will soon begin.  
"In view of these conditions the executive  
committee of the American Bimetallic league  
has thought it advisable to call a conference  
of those who believe that no permanent  
improvement in the condition of the country  
can be hoped for as long as the present  
gold standard policy is pursued and who  
favor the immediate restoration of the  
bimetallic standard in the United States,  
with the free coinage of both gold and silver at  
a ratio of 16 to 1, to be held at Washington  
Thursday, August 18, 1894, to take into consid-  
eration the condition of the country and to de-  
cide upon the policy to be pursued to bring  
about the change in the monetary policy of  
the government necessary to restore prosper-  
ity to the people."

BASEBALL.

Standing of the Clubs of the Leading  
Organizations.

The following table shows the num-  
ber of games won and lost by clubs of  
the National Baseball league so far  
this season:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
Baltimore	46	23	.667
Boston	49	25	.662
Cleveland	43	29	.597
New York	41	31	.565
Brooklyn	38	33	.529
Philadelphia	36	31	.537
Pittsburgh	39	35	.526
Cincinnati	35	38	.479
St. Louis	33	43	.434
Chicago	29	43	.403
Louisville	24	50	.324
Washington	20	54	.270

The standing to date in the Western  
league is as follows:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
St. Joe	43	22	.672
Toledo	40	28	.588
Minneapolis	38	33	.533
Kansas City	35	35	.500
Grand Rapids	38	38	.500
Indianapolis	35	37	.486
Detroit	29	41	.414
Milwaukee	18	44	.290

Western association:

CLUBS	Won	Lost	Per Ct.
St. Joe	33	31	.511
Omaha	33	31	.511
Peoria	37	31	.540
Lincoln	33	31	.511
Rock Island	35	35	.500
Jacksonville	33	33	.500
Des Moines	33	36	.476
Quincy	21	47	.304

# "The Cup That Cheers and Not Inebbrates"

--Or, the cup that gives refreshment and satisfaction without the unpleasant result of a jag--that is to say

## TEA

Have you tried what we can do for you? Don't hesitate to ask for samples, or better still, order a pound of one of our Japans, you can send it back if it don't suit.

We are not making these low prices for fun, charity or health.

- 21 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.
- 10 pound Pails Family White Fish, 40 cents per pail.
- Best Cod Fish in strips 8 cents per pound.
- Choice Herring 20 cents per box.
- 6 cans Sardines for 25 cents.
- 3 pound cans salmon for 25 cents.
- Canned Corn 7 cents per can.
- 5 pounds V. & C. Crackers for 25 cents.

Bring us your eggs, we want them.

## Armstrong & Co.



### Special Prices

On Refrigerators,

And Ice Cream Freezers to close out. Prices on Furniture lower than ever. Walker Buggies at Factory Prices.

W. J. KNAPP.

## It Tickles

ALL WHO WANT JEWELRY.

OUR LOW PRICES A GREAT SUCCESS.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, CHAINS, CHARMS, RINGS, PINS, ETC

AT ALMOST WHOLESALE PRICES.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.



**GEO. E. DAVIS,**  
Everybody's Auctioneer.  
**AUCTIONEER**

Headquarters at HERALD OFFICE.

### Chelsea and Vicinity.

Chas. Whitaker was in Lansing last Thursday.

Mr. Michael Timon, of Sylvan, is seriously ill.

Rev. C. Haag was an Ann Arbor visitor last Monday.

Mrs. Ella Johnston is visiting friends at Perry, Mich.

Frank Judson took in the races at Detroit last Thursday.

Dr. E. Greiner is visiting his parents at Grand Rapids this week.

V. D. Hindelang, of Columbus, Ohio, was in town last Monday.

The small boy and the green apple are now having their innings.

Geo. Codd has had an addition built to his cottage at Cavanaugh Lake.

A. W. Wilkinson attended the races in Detroit last Thursday and Friday.

Miss Lizzie Geraghty, of Dexter, visited with friends at this place last week.

Henry Exinger, of Ann Arbor, was in town last week, buying whortleberries.

Misses Mary and Sattie VanTye, of Main street, were in Ann Arbor last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Kempf, of West Middle street, spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Miss Maud Purvis, of Jackson, is the guest of Miss May Sparks, of Park street.

Mrs. H. M. McKone, of Sylvan, who has been dangerously ill, is considerably better.

Mr and Mrs. Michael Staffan were the guests of friends at Bridgewater last Sunday.

Miss Francis Neuberger, of South Main street, was a Whitmore Lake visitor last Sunday.

Wm. E. Depew, of Alpena, is visiting his mother, of West Middle street, who is quite ill.

W. F. Riemenschneider is having his dwelling house on East Middle street repainted.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Webster and Mr. and Mrs. John Cummings are at Cavanaugh this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Ives, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker.

Miss Caroline Whitaker, of Lansing, is visiting with her mother, south of town, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier were the guests of friends in Cleveland, O., the first of the week.

The annual collection for fuel will be taken up in St. Mary's church, Sunday, July 29, 1894.

Miss Alice Avery and daughter, Miss Edith, of Sumner, Mich., are visiting relatives here.

Geo. Blaich has had a new windmill erected in the rear of his dwelling house on Summit street.

Edgar Williams and family and Jas. Ackerson and family camped at Half Moon Lake last week.

Miss Addie Snyder, of East Middle street, is spending the present week with relatives at Ypsilanti.

E. L. Negus has just completed an addition and porch to H. S. Holmes' cottage at Cavanaugh.

Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Whitcomb are entertaining their son, W. W. Whitcomb, of Philadelphia, Penn.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster and Nina Bell were the guests of relatives at Dexter a few days last week.

Lewis Schlewis, who has been living here for some months past, moved back to Manchester last Friday.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening, July 27, 1894, at half past seven.

Prof. Bacon, of Cincinnati, is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs. Jas. P. Bacon, of South Main street.

Mrs. J. F. Meggellin, of Chicago, Ill., spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schumacher, of South Main street.

Myron Grant has the contract for doing the brick work on the new Congregational church, and work was begun last Monday.

A very enjoyable Japanese social was given by the Epworth League last Friday evening at the home of Miss Kate Hooker.

A new sidewalk and several new hitching posts were placed in front of the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co's. stores last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Snyder, of Cumberland, Md., are being entertained by Mrs. F. Buchanan, of Summit street, this week.

Mr. James Harris, of Pinckney, and Miss Katharine Markey, of Chicago, were guests last week of Miss Teresa Bacon, of Chelsea.

County Surveyor Woodard, of Ypsilanti, was in town Monday and Tuesday running the lines for Chas. Steinbach's new building.

Jas. Hudler, who was prostrated by the heat last Thursday, while at work in his onion field, south-west of town, is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Kirkby and family, of Jackson, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Schenk, of West Middle street, the first of the week.

The law offices of Geo. W. Tufnall, P. J. Lehman and A. W. Wilkinson in the Turnbull-Wilkinson block are being redecorated in handsome style.

Noah Stevens, of North Adams, and Frank Stevens, of Shiawassee county, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Spear, of Orchard street, a few days last week.

The Misses Grace and Ethel White, of Ann Arbor, who have been spending the past month here with their sister, Miss Jessie Merrill, returned home last Monday.

The Michigan Central is the most popular road in the country and we don't believe there is another road where the citizens all along the line feel as proud of their road as those on the line of the old and accommodating M. C. R. R.

Last Monday being Dr. R. S. Armstrong's 50th birthday, about one hundred and fifty of his friends tendered him a surprise party in the evening at his cottage at Cavanaugh Lake, and presented him with a handsome gold-headed cane.

Owing to the repairs at the Town Hall not being completed, the Congregational Society will hold their morning services next Sunday, July 29th at the School House in the High School Room, also Sunday School and Young People's meeting at the same place and at the usual time.

The Republican delegates from Sylvan, who attended the county Convention at Ann Arbor last Tuesday were: Wm. Judson, Jas. Gilbert, S. L. Gage, Godfrey Grau, B. Hawley, P. J. Lehman, G. H. Kempf, A. H. Mensing, A. Steger, A. W. Wilkinson, Fred Vogel and J. W. Van Riper.

Last Friday people in the north part of town had their oilfactories tickled by an odor that was not sweet-smelling by any means. President Bacon and Health officer, Dr. G. W. Palmer looked the thing up, and we are now pleased to state that the air in that part of town smells as sweet as a flower garden.

Peter Oesterle, engineer at the Stove Works, had the ends of three fingers on his right hand taken off in the Toggle press last Tuesday morning. This is the second accident of the kind that has befallen Mr. Oesterle. Only a short time ago he had the end of his left hand fore finger taken off in the steam water pump.

J. A. Haner, of Detroit, M. C. conductor formerly of this village, had a singular operation performed recently. He had suffered greatly from neuralgia in the head and physicians cut a gash across the forehead over the right eye and removed two inches of the offending nerve. The result was immediate relief, and he has had no trace of the neuralgia since.

You can trace a resemblance between the merchant who, when hard times bear him down, seeks safety by withdrawing his name from the public gaze and the ostrich who, when it is in danger, considers itself safe when its head is buried in the sand. The man who buries his business prospects by refusing to advertise should bury himself and have done with it.

The Livingston County Sunday School Rally will be held at Howell, Mich., on Aug. 22, 1894. All the Sunday Schools of the County will participate. St. Mary's Sunday School, of Pinckney, of which Rev. W. P. Consideine has charge, will turn out in large numbers. The ladies of the church are preparing an elegant banner to be carried in the great procession. Appropriate exercises will be held at 2 p. m. on the above date.

St. Mary's church, Pinckney, will hold its annual picnic in Reason's grove, near that village, on Aug. 15, 1894. The fine band of Fowlerville, Mich., will be in attendance. Eminent speakers, including Rev. Father Goldrick, of Northville, have been engaged. Messrs. Louis Burg and Luke Rielly, of Chelsea, have consented to sing some fine comic songs. An attractive and interesting programme will be given, and all who attend may be assured of an enjoyable time.

Lansing is making elaborate preparations for the meeting of the Maccabees in September. There will be a band tournament with a first prize of \$100. The best fife and drum corps will get \$25 each. The prize for the best drilled Michigan tent is \$50, and for the best drilled uniform rank, the \$350 silver cup offered by the great camp. Competition in this class is confined to Michigan tents. To tents from other states a first prize of \$75 and a second prize of \$50 will be offered. In addition to the above the Capitol Lumber Co., of Lansing will give a \$50 altar to the Michigan tent having the greatest number of members in line in the great parade.

## TRY OUR COFFEES.

We can please you, and save you money. If you are a judge of the finest teas that come to this part of the country please sample ours, we can always sell them very easily the second time.

### OUR FISH Are Guaranteed.

Best Family White Fish 45c per 10lb pail  
Best No. 1 White Fish 90c per 10lb pail  
Pint jars with caps and rubbers 75c doz  
Quart jars with caps and rubbers 90c doz  
2-qt jars with caps and rubbers \$1.10  
Choice Codfish in bricks 6c per pound.  
6 lbs Fresh Turkish Prunes for 25c.  
New Brazil Nuts 8c per pound.

10 lbs fine English Currants for 25c.  
Best Canned Pumpkin 6c per can  
Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per lb  
25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00.  
6 pounds clean Rice for 25 cents.  
4 packages cleaned Currants for 25c  
21 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00.  
Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 8c per pound.  
First-class lanterns 29c each.  
5 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.  
2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.  
Full cream cheese 12 1/2c per pound.  
Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.  
3 Cr Raisins 6c per pound.  
Gloss Starch 6c per pound.  
Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.

Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.  
3 packages nice meat for 20 cents  
Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon.  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.  
Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.  
No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.  
No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.  
Best Lantern Globes 5c each.  
Choice Coffees 19c per pound.  
Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.  
Fine perfumes 35c per ounce.  
Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c.  
24 pounds Extra C Sugar for \$1.00  
Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal.  
Extra Japan tea 80c per pound.  
9 sticks best chicory for 10c.  
Choice Mustard 15c per jug.

3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.  
Fine syrup 25c per gallon  
Axle grease 5c per box.  
25 pounds sulphur for \$1.  
Banner smoking tobacco 15c per pound.  
Good fine cut tobacco 25c per pound.  
Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.  
Best Sardines 5c per box.

Purest Spices that can be bought.  
Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.  
Good smoking tobacco 13c per lb.  
Fine toothpicks 5c per package.  
Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.

Verily, Merrily, More and More,  
It Pays to Trade at

**GLAZIER'S STORE.**  
**Dr. W. A. CONLAN,**  
DENTIST,  
Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

**Dr. K. GREINER,**  
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.  
Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.  
Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

**PALMER & TWITCHELL,**  
PHYSICIANS  
AND  
SURGEONS.  
Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

**H. W. SCHMIDT,**  
Physician & Surgeon.  
SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.  
OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.  
**H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.**  
Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

**The Parlor Barber Shop,**  
Chelsea, Mich.  
Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.  
**GEO. EDER, Prop.**

# J. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

We shall offer the following lot of especially good bargains during the week of

**July 25th to August 1st.**

All Clothing one-fourth off the usual prices.  
All fine straw hats one-half off the usual prices.  
In our dry goods department we shall offer the following goods until present supply is exhausted.  
30 pieces of good style, light colored, printed, cotton dress goods, worth 12 1/2 and 15 cents, for only 8 1/2 cents per yard.  
2 pieces of all wool Challies, worth 25 cents, at 10 cents per yard.  
Black printed dress Satines, worth 20 cents, for 15 cents per yard.  
Cotton Challies, usual prices 5 and 7 cents, only 3 1/2 cents per yard.  
One lot of 25 and 35 cent towels, slightly soiled, only 18 cents.  
One lot of prints, worth 6 and 7 cents, for 4 cents per yard.  
All remnants to go at greatly reduced prices.

## In Our Shoe Department

We shall offer:

One lot of Ladies \$3.00 shoes for \$2.00.  
One lot of Ladies \$3.25 shoes for \$2.50.  
One lot of Ladies \$4.00 shoes for \$3.00.  
All Russet Shoes at reduced prices.

# J. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

**60,000 COPIES DAILY**

## The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

**YOUR HOME PAPER** cannot be replaced by even greater publications from larger cities; they cannot supply completely the many items of home news that are of the greatest interest, but for State, National, and world wide news, the greater paper must be looked to. The Detroit Evening News stands as the leader in the State, and should go hand in hand with your home paper.

**The Evening News,**  
DETROIT, MICH.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

**Chancery Notice.**  
STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Twenty-second Judicial Circuit, in Chancery.  
Harry Warner, complainant vs. John P. Warner, defendant.  
Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In Chancery, at Ann Arbor on the 13th day of July A. D. 1894.  
In this cause, it appears from affidavit on file that the defendant, John P. Warner is not a resident of this state, but a resident of Syracuse, Onondaga County, State of New York.  
On motion of complainant's Solicitors it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, John P. Warner; be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance he causes his answer to the bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident. And it is further ordered that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time here prescribed for his appearance.  
E. D. KINNE, Circuit Judge.  
ARTHUR BROWN, Register.  
LEHMAN BROS. Complainant's Solicitors.

**Notices.**  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. Village of Chelsea, ss. To Ann Acklev. You will please take notice that Special Ordinance, No. 18, entitled: "A Special Ordinance for the construction of sidewalks on the West side of Main Street, on the South side of Lincoln Street, on the South side of Middle Street, on the East side of East Street, on the West side of Park Street, and on the North side of Middle Street in the Village of Chelsea," approved June 22nd, 1894, has been passed and is published.  
That by the terms of said Special Ordinance you are required to make improvements situated in said Village of Chelsea, to-wit: On the West side of Main Street, in front of a piece of land, bounded on the North by land of Anna Whitaker, on the South by Thomas Holmes and on the West by D. Tichenor, on the East by the street.  
That the length of said sidewalk, which said sidewalk is required to be constructed within forty days from this date, falling in which such improvement will be made by and under the direction of the Council and the cost thereof levied as a Special Tax on the owner or holder of the property and collected in the manner provided by the Charter and Ordinance of said Village.  
Dated, July 12th, 1894.  
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk of said Village.

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the circuit court for the county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, in favor of Henry W. Schmidt, against the goods and chattels and real estate decreed and delivered, I did on the 28th day of July last, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Mortimer W. Bush, in and to the following described real estate, that is to-wit: all that certain piece or parcel of land situated on the South half of Block five (5) of the original recorded Plat of the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, particularly known, bounded and described as follows: The highest bidder, at the lands of Burnett Steinbach, on the West by the lands of Charles Steinbach, on the East by the lands of Hiram A. Page and Merchant Brooks, and on the South by Middle Street.  
Being the same lands and tenements now occupied by John A. Eisman.  
All of which I shall expose for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the Court House of the county of Washtenaw, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said county, that being the place of holding the circuit court for the said county of Washtenaw, on the 27th day of August next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.  
Dated this 12th day of July, A. D. 1894.  
MICHAEL BRENNER, Sheriff.

## REDUCTION SALE!

Great Reductions on all Millinery Goods at

### Mrs. Staffan's Millinery Store.

And being the only millinery store in town on the ground floor is the most desirable place to trade.

Largest line of trimmed hats and most complete line of children's goods in town. Inspection solicited

## PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS.

**CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT?** For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.  
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and this is brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. \$2 a year. Specimen copies sent free. Building Edition, monthly, \$2 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

## FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

**Store to Rent.**  
The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. Inquire of J. P. Wood.  
For sale or rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Enquire of U. H. Townsend.

### Additional Local.

Bert Sparks was in Ypsilanti last Tuesday on business.  
Anthony Nagle visited his parents at Monroe last week.  
Chas. Steinbach is removing his stock to the Laird building this week.  
Jas. L. Gilbert and Wm. Judson are delegates to the State Convention.  
Miss Willetta Ward, of Saline, was among Chelsea friends the past week.  
Miss Mae Easterle, of Jackson, is spending the present week at her home, this place.  
Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Watts, of Dansville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker this week.  
Dr. and Mrs. H. H. Avery, of Park street, are entertaining Miss Flora Hesse, of Ypsilanti.  
Miss Mabel Hosler, of Lansing, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. L. Tichenor, of Congdon street.  
Miss Sattie Speer, who has been spending the past two weeks in camp at Base Lake, has returned home.  
The second district Congressional convention has been called. Adrian is the place, and Aug. 16th is the date.  
Married, at Manchester, Monday, July 23, 1894, Mr. Lewis P. Klein, of Chelsea, and Miss Carrie Haag, of Manchester.  
Misses Clara and Mamie Snyder returned home from Ypsilanti last week, where they have been visiting friends.  
Geo. Gillam, editor of the Alcona County Review, Harrisville, is spending the present week with his mother, Mrs. Emma Gillam of the Chelsea House.

The directors of the Chelsea Fair Association are requested to meet at Hugh Sherry's store Saturday, July 28, 1894, at 4 p. m. S. L. Gage, Sec.

It is reported that a colt was killed by a meteorite while in pasture near Saline one night last week. There was a hole through its body the size of a stove pipe.

Frank Staffan, our ice dealer, wishes to inform the public that he has an order book at R. S. Armstrong & Co's store, where orders may be left for ice.

Otto Dulaic, of Unadilla, fell from a scaffold in A. C. Collins' barn recently and broke several of his ribs loose from the spinal column, which will undoubtedly render him a cripple for life.

Washington Beeman, for fifty years a resident of Waterloo, died at his home there July 18, 1894, aged over 78 years. The funeral took place last Friday, from the M. E. church, Waterloo.

Word was received here last week from California, that Mr. John Stevenson, formerly of this village, but now of that state, died June 24, 1894. Deceased was a brother of Wm. Stevenson, of North Lake.

Farmers should take much pains to destroy the large milk-weed known as the Russian thistle, which are so common now nearly everywhere. It is one of the most obnoxious weeds known and should not go to seed.

If farmers would protect their birds, says an exchange, they would have less spraying to do. The quail consumes both insects and the seeds of many weeds and grasses; but it is protected only to be destroyed in the winter. Formerly, quails were very numerous in some sections, where they are now extinct, or but seldom seen.

Aunt Sally Whittington is now taking solid comfort. On Sunday July 22 about 30 of her friends and relatives gathered at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. L. Gage, to celebrate her seventy fifth birthday, and after enjoying themselves and partaking of a bountiful repast, Aunt Sally was made the recipient of a beautiful willow swing rocker.

The champion girl of the period lives over near Bath, says the State Republican. From April 1 to June 1, this year, she planted three acres of potatoes, did all the cooking and sewing for the family, milked four cows, fed the calves, pigs and chickens shot three hawks and a wildcat, set the dog on eighteen tramps, attended thirteen dances and three picnics, read five dime novels and set up four nights in the week with her beaux. She incidentally found time to come to Lansing to the circus and delivered three lectures on "What I know about hustling for bread and butter."

Statistics are said to show that the number of girls now receiving academic and collegiate educations in this country is increasing faster than is the number of boys and young men who are receiving education at similar institutions. Let the good work go on. There will still be room enough for all of both sexes who wish to adopt professional careers. Many of the women who are thus training their minds will never go out into the world, but will make home more beautiful by what they have learned and help to bring up a generation with greater refinement and larger intellectual capacities.

### The Hottest Yet.

Last week the temperature climbed steadily up towards the stars, and Thursday it reached the highest altitude thus far this season, a dozen thermometers in various localities registering from 98 to 100 degrees in the shade.  
Several cases of prostration from the heat were reported, and animal life suffered greatly. It was a day to make one wish he could shed his flesh and sit in his bones.

### The Census.

Secretary of State Gardner has issued his third census bulletin in which is given the number of inhabitants in seventeen counties. Washtenaw county is among the number and its population is given by townships and cities as follows For purpose of comparison the census of 1890 and 1884 are also given.

Township and cities.	1884.	1890.	1884.
Ann Arbor.....	1,091	1,388	1,422
Augusta.....	1,823	1,769	1,736
Bridgewater....	1,064	1,064	1,215
Dexter.....	679	702	772
Freedom.....	1,092	1,134	1,328
Lima.....	993	991	1,007
Lodi.....	1,234	1,264	1,326
Lyndon.....	680	617	671
Manchester.....	2,118	2,178	2,452
Northfield.....	1,173	1,210	1,229
Pittsfield.....	1,142	1,158	1,257
Salem.....	1,208	1,182	1,310
Saline.....	1,653	1,659	1,764
Scio.....	1,894	1,946	2,195
Sharon.....	1,055	1,014	1,162
Superior.....	1,105	1,096	1,214
Sylvan.....	2,348	2,358	2,266
Webster.....	840	863	929
York.....	1,845	1,906	1,872
Ypsilanti.....	1,803	1,236	1,354
Ann Arbor City.....	11,071	9,431	7,912
Ypsilanti City.....	6,111	6,129	5,301
Totals.....	43,516	42,210	41,604

It will be observed that according to the above figures, that during the past ten years this county has increased 1,312.

### Fair Items.

I am much interested in our public schools, and in from ten to fifteen years the scholars of to-day will become representative men and women of America. Some will be at the head of departments of government, others will be the bright, active, thinking citizens that go to make up one of the grandest Republics on the face of the earth; so let us spare no pains to make life as interesting and instructive as possible to these scholars.

We are going to make our Chelsea Fair just one of the places where the school children will be instructed and amused. I would ask that all the schools in Washtenaw and Jackson counties would bring what work they have prepared or can prepare to our fair this fall, and we will give it room for exhibition. It will be interesting to compare notes. Everybody take hold and we will promise you a good time.

M. A. LOWRY.

### North Lake Breeds.

Beans, corn and potatoes look as if they appreciated the recent rain.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Wool, of Chelsea, spent Sunday here with relatives.

Miss Mattie Glenn has returned from a pleasant visit with a sister at Munith.

The oats will do to harvest this week.

Miss Lena Parshall, of Ann Arbor, is visiting her cousin, Miss Flora Burkhardt.

Mr. Vaughn and wife, of White Oak, visited at the old home of Mrs. V. last week.

Miss Katy Brown, of Chicago, niece of Wm. Wood, of this place, is in camp with friends at the Lake now.

The slug and its habits and peculiarities are well worth a little attention from those who are fond of the unusual and curious things of earth. A family, upon moving into a house, remarked that the cellar was lined all over with thin, shining tracks where some slimy creature had crawled. For a long time the makers of the tracks could not be found, but were at last discovered underneath a box in one corner where the mice had carried some leaves and pieces of vegetables. They were put into a glass fruit jar and fed with leaves and scraps of vegetables. They seemed to eat but little, but were continually crawling about the jar. At the slightest sound they contracted into a length of not more than 2 1/2 inches, remaining perfectly quiet for a few minutes, when they cautiously put out their feelers and began to move. The head seemed to go on, and the tail was still until the body measured almost 6 inches, when gradually the entire length moved slowly along. As it crawled up the side of the jar the under side of the body could be clearly seen through the transparent material. Its propulsive power seemed to be a sort of endless chain arrangement that ran lengthwise from head to tail. This slug is as thick as one's little finger. The longest specimen measured a trifle over 6 inches in length.—New York Ledger.

## Does It Puzzle You

**What**  
To eat this warm weather? If so call at our store and we will help you out of your difficulty.

### There is no need

Of roasting yourself over a hot cook stove when you can find everything in the way of meats and vegetables put up in cans ready for immediate use, and it only takes five minutes to serve them hot.

See our line of White Label Soups put up by Armour Canning Co.

### We Lead

Them all when it comes Bakery Goods, and our stock is always fresh.

Step in and ask to sample our Parasian Fruit Waters and Tiffin Strips. These goods are positively the finest ever shown in Chelsea.

### For Cold Meats,

Canned fish, vegetables, sardines, lobster, or canned goods of any kind, remember that our goods are always the best, we buy no second quality stock.

### Fresh, Crisp Celery Daily.

When you want a good cup of tea, something that will please you, don't forget the famous

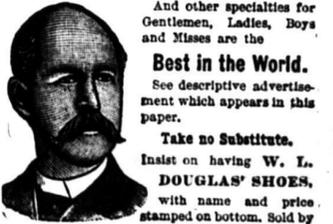
### Stork Chop

For sale only by

## Beissel & Staffan

Durand & Hatch Block,  
Chelsea, Mich.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE



W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 10th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

**GOING EAST.**  
Detroit Night Express..... 5:10 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 10:35 A. M.  
Mail and Express..... 3:32 P. M.

**GOING WEST.**  
Mail and Express..... 9:17 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 6:30 P. M.  
Chicago Night Express..... 10:52 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

### ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.

Great time and money saver. A necessity during hard times. A convenience at all times. The best outfit ever offered for home use for repairing boots, shoes, rubber boots, coats, harness, wire fences, and hundreds of things which constantly need attention. Full instructions sent with each outfit so that a boy can use them. Money saved is money made. These tools pay for themselves many times every year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$2.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harness work—33 articles, \$3.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set is a place secure the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address: **ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Ohio.**

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer.

THE amount of gold paid for foreign account in the last three months foots up to more than \$50,000,000.

W. R. LAIDLAW, who recently won a suit against Russell Sage, the millionaire, for injuries received from a bombshell against which Mr. Sage used him as a shield, is about to bring another suit for slander on the ground that Mr. Sage has since the verdict been speaking of him as a blackmailer.

MRS. ALBANI left some handsome legacies to the poor of Paris. Among them were a fund to provide forty savings bank books of \$50 each every year to poor and deserving girls and boys, without distinction of religion or nationality, and a gift of \$20,000 to found beds in Paris hospitals for Italian patients.

WHAT is claimed to have been the fastest long-distance freight run ever made in this country was made from Memphis to Kansas City by a special train loaded with bananas on June 13, the speed averaging 40.4 miles an hour for the 484 miles, and reaching a maximum of 64 miles an hour, which was kept up for six miles.

A CHICAGO lad makes a living by securing seats for women in crowded street cars. He makes his stand at a thoroughfare that is always thronged, and arranges with some well-to-do woman with her arms full of bundles, or perhaps a baby, to run and jump on the car before it reaches the corner. When it gets to that point he has a seat reserved for her.

A FRENCH statistician says that the number of men and women in France is more nearly equal than in any other country in the world, there being only 1,007 women to 1,000 men. In Switzerland there are 1,064 men to 1,000 women, and in Greece only 933. The conditions in Hong Kong, according to this authority, are "appalling," there being only 466 women to 1,000 men.

PNEUMONIA in the popular mind is associated with winter weather and cold winds and rains. The New York Recorder says: "There is really more danger from pneumonia in the very hot spells of summer, because people sit in drafts to get or keep cool. Their pores are open from the profuse perspiration, and the draft goes right through them to the vital parts. Above all things, keep away from drafts."

MR. GOMPERS is a cigarmaker by trade, and rolled the weed from the time he was ten years old until nearly fifty. Mr. Evans, his chief assistant, is a coal miner. Peter J. McGuire, of the executive board of the federation, is a carpenter and joiner. Gompers is a short, thick-set, dark-complexioned man, with a bushy head of hair and marked features. He moves rapidly and speaks cautiously. He is of Jewish stock.

THE Rock Island Railroad Co. keeps a corps of rainmakers in Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, Iowa and Dakotas, and Mr. Allen, the assistant general manager, thinks it has saved the crops in those states from being ruined by the scorching winds. The system is based upon the production of extremely cool air currents at great altitudes, and is under the superintendence of Clayton B. Jewell, its inventor. He is said to have no failure as yet.

THE rich frescoing on the walls of the room of the committee on naval affairs in the capitol at Washington attracts a great deal of attention from visitors. Conspicuous on the wall are a half dozen female figures which show remarkable artistic skill and are also wonderful for the peculiar beauty of the face and form of each figure. It is apparent at almost a glance that one model served for the whole group. The painting was done by Brumidi, the famous Italian artist, and the model was the artist's wife.

TO ACCOMMODATE this year's graduates from West Point three additional second lieutenants have had to be given to the cavalry and two to the engineer corps, which has already a large number of additional. The largely augmented number of representatives in congress increases the surplus of officers. Even if they fail to secure places in the army, the younger graduates have a fine education and have no reason to complain if they enter the world's field and fight for a living. They can easily succeed.

NOTWITHSTANDING the hard times, steamers to Europe are carrying unusually large numbers of passengers. Two explanations are suggested: One, that many people who would have gone last year postponed the trip to visit the world's fair, and the other that for those who have money this is a good time to travel cheaply in the silver-using countries. Another reason may probably be found in the fact that a large part of those who go abroad for pleasure will spend no more in that way than they would spend at home.

MORE TROUBLE.

Opening the Works at Pullman Causes Another Riot.

Girls Chased by an Angry Mob—A. R. E. Officers Locked Up—Strikers Want Olney Impeached—Federal Troops Withdrawn from Chicago.

LAUNDRESSES IN PERIL.

CHICAGO, July 23.—The first attempt to resume operations at Pullman resulted in a riot that threatened bloodshed and wholesale destruction of property. When the whistles sounded at 8 o'clock a. m. about eighty persons walked into the laundry and started to work.

The Mob Gathers.

No trouble was made at the laundry until 12:30 o'clock, when a mob composed mainly of women and children surrounded the place and began to show their displeasure at the fact that the laundry had started up by hooting and jeering at the operatives within. For a time they were content with this method of procedure, but soon noise became too tame for them and they began to throw mud and small stones. This at length palled on the crowd and rocks were called into use. The workers inside became terrified and sought refuge in the corners of the rooms and behind anything that afforded a shelter.

Chased a Girl.

Suddenly the attack upon the building ceased. The mob caught sight of a woman attempting to make her way past the crowd. She was instantly recognized as a non-union operative. The mob charged upon her with stones and chased her to Market hall, where she found refuge just in time to escape serious injury.

The Militia Appears.

In the meantime the militia had been notified of the disturbance and a detachment under Maj. Sanborn and Lieut. Horton came up on the double quick. The mob lost no time in scattering in all directions, but not until a man wearing a white ribbon and who had been active in inciting the women and children was captured. He was placed under arrest and taken to Hotel Florence.

Declared a Two-Dollar Dividend. The Pullman Palace Car company on Friday issued a notice to its stockholders that on August 15 it would pay a quarterly dividend of two dollars on each share of stock. Shareholders of record at the close of business August 1 will receive the allotment. The dividend is declared from the "net earnings" of the company, the circular says.

Switchmen Disband.

At the regular daily meeting of the strikers at Uhlich's hall Friday morning there were speeches by members of the organization all advising the men to remain firm and under no circumstances to return to their places. A committeeman from Pullman told the audience that no one need have any fear that any of the members of the organization there would go back until ordered to do so. He said it was not true that the old men were seeking their places.

Chairman Deegan said that he had been told that all of the members of the directory of the organization had been indicted by the federal grand jury, with a number of prominent members of the union. The men, however, were determined that the strike should not be declared off.

A circular which purported to be signed by the officers of the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association was read by W. Becker. The circular was dated July 19 and said that the association had been disbanded. This same report was made several days ago, but was denied at the time by Grand Master Barrett, of the organization. The circular placed the assets of the switchmen's organization at less than \$2,000, and said that the organization had lost \$30,000 through its ex-secretary, William A. Simsrott.

Making Considerable Trouble. Strikers and their sympathizers at the stock yards continue their lawless acts on a small scale, but the general condition of that district and its industries remains peaceful. Several trains have been derailed, but the damage resulting was trifling.

Hannahan Indicted.

The federal grand jury returned many indictments against strikers on Thursday, among them being a bill against J. J. Hannahan, vice grand master of the Brotherhood of Firemen, charged with conspiracy. Hannahan is indicted together with Debs, Howard, Keliher and Rogers, the officers of the Railway union. The indictment charges "the five with conspiracy to do an unlawful act, that is to obstruct the mails of the United States."

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

Four of the Principal A. R. E. Officers Locked Up for Contempt. CHICAGO, July 19.—Eugene V. Debs, George W. Howard, Sylvester Keliher and L. W. Rogers, respectively president, vice president, secretary and director of the American Railway union, were summoned on Tuesday before Judge Seaman, of Milwaukee, of the United States circuit court, to answer to the charge of contempt in refusing to obey the injunction restraining interference with interstate commerce traffic, and they elected to be locked

up rather than give \$3,000 bail for appearance.

The information in the document was confined almost entirely to a number of telegrams sent by Debs to his lieutenants, such as: "Tie up all roads that insist on handling boycotted cars." "Get Rock Island out in all departments." "Potatoes and ice out of sight—managers weakening." "It will take more than injunctions to move trains," (sent the day after the injunction was issued.)

Mr. Debs' attorneys asked for a continuance of the hearing for ten days in order to allow them time to prepare a proper answer to the information and possibly to test the question of jurisdiction. Mr. Gregory called attention to the fact that the defendants are already under bonds for appearance in court, and declared that it would be a hardship for them to give additional security for appearance.

Mr. Walker desired a prompt hearing of the case upon its merits, and suggested that, as the presiding judge would probably want to get away from the bench as early as possible this hot weather, as did the attorneys, the case could be taken up on Thursday morning and be disposed of during the present week. Further opposition to this proposition being interposed by the counsel for the defense, Judge Seaman said he would set the hearing for Monday.

Burns Stands Alone.

Director W. E. Burns is the only executive officer now in Chicago who is not in the hands of the law. On the subject of who would manage the strike during the enforced absence of those in whose hands it has been up to this time Burns was reticent, but he said it would go on just the same. It was his opinion that if there was anything in organized labor the locking up of the officers of the American Railway union would have the effect of bringing it out. He thought the Chicago organization would take prompt action.

Soldiers Recalled.

CHICAGO, July 20.—Gen. Miles signed a general order Wednesday night removing the federal troops from Chicago. The infantry took trains for their respective posts, while the cavalry and artillery marched to Fort Sheridan, and will be mobilized there until such time as Gen. Miles thinks it best they be sent to their posts. The order came from the war department Wednesday evening, after Gen. Miles had informed the department he thought the situation had so far improved it was perfectly safe to remove the soldiers.

State Troops Ordered Home.

Wednesday night Gov. Altgeld telegraphed orders relieving the Second brigade from further service at Chicago. The order affects 500 men, forming the Fourth and Fifth regiments and Battery A. The fourth regiment contains eight companies, the Fifth ten companies, and the brigade is under command of Brig. Gen. Barclay, with headquarters at Springfield. The brigade represents the state guard located south of Springfield, and companies are located in nearly every town in that part of the state, including Canton, Aroola, Tuscola, Olney, Newton, Lincoln and Paris. The governor's order also relieves and orders home the Centralia, Belleville and Effingham companies of the Fourth regiment, which have been on duty at Mounds, Pulaski county.

To Impeach Olney.

The following letter, accompanied by a petition, was received at strike headquarters Wednesday:

"CHICAGO, July 17, 1894.—To all local unions and fellow members: Inclosed you will find blank petition to the house of representatives asking for the impeachment of Attorney General Olney who has been so bitter against us in his decisions connected with the present trouble. Secure every signature possible to the petition from all classes of railroad men, citizens and others and forward to your congressman at once, with a request that he take immediate action and cooperate with others to carry out the spirit of the petition.

"EUGENE V. DEBS, President. "SYLVESTER KELIHER, Secretary." Offers to Take Them Back.

For the first time since its employees went on strike, May 11, the Pullman Palace Car company on Wednesday made public overtures to them to return to work. These overtures were in the form of notices posted upon the shop gates at 4 o'clock p. m. by Superintendent Middleton, which read: "These works will be opened as soon as the number of operatives taken on is sufficient to make a working force in all departments."

Switchmen Vote to Stay Out. Eight hundred union switchmen from all parts of the city held a mass meeting Wednesday night in the South Side Turner hall. Six or seven men made speeches denouncing all those who wanted to declare the strike off and advising all to remain firm to the last. Resolutions were passed declaring that the switchmen of Chicago were out and were going to stay out, and that any one who would return to work was a "scab" and is to be so treated. There was a unanimous vote in favor of the resolutions.

Troops Break Camp.

In accordance with the plan previously announced all of the federal troops left the city on Thursday with the exception of the Ninth infantry, which was ordered to return to Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. The soldiers marched on foot to Fort Sheridan, where they will remain until further orders. The Second brigade, Illinois militia, also left the city Thursday. Three thousand soldiers are still on guard.

Strike Off at Hammond. HAMMOND, Ind., July 20.—Just before

the close of a stormy session the Hammond branch of the American Railway union Wednesday night decided to return to work. The motion was carried by 42 to 37 votes. The excitement is at its highest point here and trouble is expected as the final outcome. Vice President Hazel and Charles Merryweather, of the American Railway union, were arrested here this evening on a charge of intimidating Monon railway employees. They will be taken to Indianapolis.

Tie-Up in the West.

BUTTE, Mont., July 19.—The tie-up of the railroads at this point is complete. The Utah & Northern trains come no farther than Dillon. No Northern Pacific trains are moving to this city. Troops have not yet arrived. The local officials of the American Railway union say that no violence will be offered the troops when they arrive. The Union Pacific appointed a committee of safety, whose duty it would be to restrain the violently inclined. The railroad officials expect to resume business on Friday. The regulars are expected to arrive on that day.

Dillon, 70 miles south of Butte, is the present terminal point for the Union Pacific passenger trains. A company of regulars is stationed there and also at Lima, the end of the division, 40 miles south of Dillon. Four small bridges have been burned between this city and Lima, on the line of the Union Pacific, and one blown up by dynamite. No damage has been done to railroad property.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 19.—The strikers' view of the railroad situation in northern California is given by one of the strike leaders in Oakland. "Under ordinary circumstances," he said, "eighteen or twenty freight trains are dispatched from Oakland daily. During the last four days the railroad company has sent out five freight trains. If this is running the road then we are beaten."

It is apparently a scarcity of competent trainmen that is troubling the officials of the railroads. In Sacramento almost the same condition prevails. One hundred and fifty workmen were induced to go back to the railroad shops there Wednesday morning. In Oakland forty men were escorted to and from the railroad shops by a troop of cavalry. The strikers made no attempt to interfere.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Industries of the Country Still Hampered by Labor Troubles.

NEW YORK, July 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"The effect of the two great strikes has not yet entirely worn off, and meanwhile disagreement between the two houses of congress has made tariff uncertainties more distinct and oppressive. It follows that the customary tests of the condition of business are less instructive than usual. The financial situation is somewhat less favorable because the exports of the week have been resumed and are \$3,300,000 for the week, but the treasury receipts have been \$2,045,301 for customs, against \$2,051,574 last year and \$7,474,658 internal revenue, against \$7,979,518 last year. The extraordinary payments to anticipate the increase of taxation on whisky are rapidly locking up a large amount of capital and taking from the government part of the expected increase of revenue, while the current loss in customs receipts is largely due to the postponement of exports in expectation of lower duties hereafter, thus the treasury has been gaining in balance, although at the expense of some loss in revenue hereafter.

Wheat has declined 3 cents during the week. Corn has advanced a shade with no satisfactory reason, for the prospect is excellent for a large yield. A great speculation in oats has begun to liquidate, with the customary losses to the wise men who know all about it. Cotton has declined a fraction, and all indications still point to a material increase of yield.

"The most hopeful sign noted this week is that failures continue comparatively few and not very important. The aggregate of liabilities for the twelve days ending July 12 was \$2,630,306, of which \$1,000,821 was of manufacturing and \$1,448,204 of trading concerns, which is decidedly below the average for the last half year. The failures this week have been 236 in the United States, against 467 last year, and 44 in Canada, against 25 last year."

Bradstreet's says: "The disappearance of the great railway strike of 1894, the revival of regular freight schedules and the customary movement of produce and merchandise by water and rail have done much to restore something like the preceding volume of trade. The effects of the recent widespread disturbance to transportation and industrial circles are now making themselves felt in bank clearing returns, the aggregate this week being only \$820,000,000, a drop as compared with the preceding week of about 3 per cent, and as compared with the third week in July, 1893, of 16 per cent.

"The stock market is feverish and dull in the unsettled condition of the tariff bill. Interest and activity center in sugar, the street considering that the whole fate of the measure centers in the schedule of duties on that article. "Among western cities where general trade remains quiet and dull and without material change, except that due to resumption of railway traffic, are Cleveland, Milwaukee, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. Cincinnati and Louisville report some gain in trade, with a tendency on the part of currency to move to the country. Kansas City jobbers find orders for fall delivery fairly numerous, and at Omaha country merchants are ordering more freely. "The total volume of trade at Chicago, notwithstanding resumption of railway traffic, is relatively light, that for groceries being most active. Relatively the most favorable report comes from St. Louis, where general trade is said to have much improved, and where frequency of favorable crop reports, from tributary territory stimulates an improved feeling among jobbers at others."

Wreckers' Boat Shattered by a Dynamite Explosion in England.

PORTSMOUTH, July 20.—An accident resulting in the death of seven men occurred here. A Trinity house boat having a crew of seven trained wreckers on board was engaged in blowing up the wreck of the yacht Azalia in the Solent, as it was dangerous to navigation. In some manner, which will never be known, a dynamite cartridge exploded, killing the seven men and shattering the boat.

THE TARIFF IN THE SENATE.

The Conference Report on the Bill Debated.

On the 20th Senator Voorhees (dem.) took the chair of the finance committee, called on the floor to Senator Smith (dem.) for attempting to interfere with the president's veto of the tariff bill as a party measure intended to force a vote, and the finance committee had gone heroically to work to harmonize the differences between the democratic side.

He then proceeded to deliver a glowing eulogy on the tariff bill as it passed the senate, which he said was the best tariff bill since 1862. He asserted that the framers of the house bill were not so wise as the framers of the senate bill, and that the senate bill was a masterpiece of great labor and infinite pains. It has more protection elements of our party. It is not perfect, but it is as near perfect as we can hope to make it at this session. It is an event, such as it is, there it lies. You are at liberty to talk it or leave it. I would not recede from it so much as half's breadth.

Mr. Hill, in closing his speech, called attention to the fact that the president, who had been so often quoted as favoring the tariff debate, came out in no uncertain tone against it. Mr. Gray moved that the senate take up its amendments and consent to further conference. There was nothing, said Mr. Gray, in making an unusual action upon the part of the senate necessary. He did not think it necessary to retreat on account of the determined attitude of the house or threats from any one. He commended the wisdom which overcame the difficulties which stood in the way of passing the bill.

At the conclusion of Mr. Gray's speech Mr. Vilas took the floor and offered a motion to instruct the senate conferees to recede from the amendment to a duty of 4 cent a pound on refined sugar in addition to the 40 per cent ad valorem on all sugars. Mr. Vilas addressed the senate in support of his amendment. He referred to the petition of the business men of Chicago, presented to this long session, and to the fact that the conferees had failed. The conferees had failed. The two houses were arrayed against each other. The majority in the house took the doctrine of tariff reform after years of agitation. The house, after months of laborious work, had sent to the senate a measure of tariff reform that had been met with joy by the country. When the senate had treated that measure its amendments had been received with cordiality by the people, hardly recognizable. Yet it was proposed to stand fast for each one of the 634 amendments. The senate sought to make articles dutiable which the house placed on the free list. The amendment he offered, he said, would strike down an iniquitous and indefensible amendment placed in the bill by the senate.

Mr. Vest took the floor when Mr. Palmer sat down. After the speech of the senator from New York, he began. It was a subject of congratulation that he and the president had at last found a platform on which both could stand. The lion and the lamb had at last come down together and were led as a little child by the ways and means committee. He left to others to decide which was the lion and which was the lamb.

The senator from New York had said that free raw materials was a cardinal principle of democracy. The president went further and declared that failure to place raw materials on the free list was democratic perjury and dishonor. Mr. Vest then proceeded to read the letter of acceptance of President Cleveland, pronouncing in favor of "free raw materials." Yet he had denounced free raw materials as perjury and dishonor. In scathing tones he arraigned the president. Where did the president get the right to dictate to congress, to denounce one branch of congress to the other? Did he embody in his single being all the majesty, all the tariff reform sentiment in this country? Mr. Cleveland was a big man. But the democratic party was greater than any one man. It had survived Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, it had survived Grover Cleveland. Personally, he would not get all the credit he could get. "I give it as my opinion," he declared in conclusion, "that we will pass this bill, or go bill."

The Senator Hill got the floor and spoke as follows: "A theory as well as a condition now confronts us. The theory of the democratic party is that in the enactment of tariff legislation free raw materials should always be an essential and conspicuous element. "Until recently it has been supposed that there was no dispute upon this question of principle, but that every democrat worthy of the name was willing to conclude that if there was one thing more than another to which the democratic party was committed, it was in favor of the doctrine of absolute free raw materials. The true and honest construction of every democratic national platform for twelve years past irrevocably commits us to this just and reasonable principle."

Senator Hill read the democratic national platform of 1892 and continued: "If any democratic orator in any part of the country, forgetting the interests of the whole and subserving the supposed interests of a location, promised the people of any state or section that there would be any exception made to the enforcement of the general principle of free raw materials when the democrats should obtain power, he exceeded his authority and misinterpreted our position. "It is said by some in justification of or excuse for their present action that the president's letter of acceptance in 1892 modified the extreme demands of our platform. It is true that some portions of his letter may tend to bear that construction, but it is not so. "But no matter what idea it may be claimed was intended to be conveyed in his letter of acceptance in mitigation or modification of the platform, there can be no doubt as to the president's position at this time upon this essential principle of free raw materials. Let us read from that remarkable letter of the president's which was yesterday submitted to the house of representatives. It expresses better than I can—hope to do—the true, sound and logical position of the democratic party upon this question."

After reading extracts from this letter, Mr. Hill went on as follows: "Mr. President, I approve every word that I have quoted. It is an honest and manly statement of the true attitude which the party should assume in this crisis. "Upon the question of free raw materials the president is right, and you know it. You cannot answer his arguments. You cannot successfully dispute his propositions. You cannot doubt his sincerity and patriotism. You must yield in the end to his views. You must stand up against the senseless and the great democratic masses of the country, which will rally around the president in his contest with you upon this particular branch of the subject. The time to yield is now before there is further humiliation, embarrassment and discord."

"In the light of the letter of the president, the house cannot honorably recede. It has no other alternative except to insist upon its bill, wherein it provides for free raw materials. The president cannot approve the senate bill after what he has said in this remarkable letter. He arraigns the senate and estimates that the enactment of the tariff bill means 'party perjury and party dishonor.' These are strong words which the president of the United States would not use toward a measure which he ever expected afterward to approve. "I respectfully differ from the president in his assumption that a tax upon sugar is necessary at this time, conceding that an income tax is to be retained. Clearly both are not needed for any legitimate purpose of the treasury. Under the existing circumstances—with a free sugar before, and I shall do my best to get it before the house cannot now honorably recede from its position in favor of free sugar. The president's suggestion came too late. The senate must recede from its amendments."

DEBS' APPEAL

Debs Issues an Address to the Public on the Pullman Strike.

The American People Urged to Aid the Strikers by Refusing to Ride in the Company's Cars

URGED TO BOYCOTT.

CHICAGO, July 23.—President Debs and his associates prepared an appeal to the American people asking them to support the Pullman cars by refusing to ride in them.

Following is the text of the document: HEADQUARTERS AMERICAN RAILWAY UNION, COOK COUNTY JAIL, CHICAGO, July 23.

The American Public: It is almost universally conceded that the Pullman company, through its repeated reductions of wages, excessive rents and many other causes, has grossly wronged its employees, and what may be said about the great railway strike which resulted in consequence of such wrongs, the arbitrary refusal of the Pullman company to submit to arbitration in any form (even to decide the question if there was anything to arbitrate) is so positive that said company had no faith in the justice of its cause and fears the disclosure of facts that are certain to result from an investigation, and in view of the heavy taxes levied upon the country, such obstinacy on the part of the Pullman company is deserving of the severest condemnation.

The Pullman company makes the plea that it is asked of them that they shall run their business at a loss. The statement is absolutely untrue. What was asked was arbitration, and would have resulted in even-handed justice. The Pullman company has robbed its employees of an investigation which would have disclosed a host of affairs which would have horrified the public. This is why arbitration was refused. It is a notorious fact that the Pullman company pays its conductors and porters such paltry wages that they are obliged to depend upon the public support. Yes, this rich and powerful corporation virtually compels the public to pay the wages of its sleeping car employees, and this extortionate rates are charged for sleeping car accommodations.

We propose that the Pullman company be brought to justice and this in a way that will not necessitate a strike with its attendant ills. It may be suggested that this has been thought of before the great strike was inaugurated. In that case little, if any attention would have been paid to the application of the law.

As a result of the strike the country is aroused and any proper appeal will command attention. The Pullman company, still indifferent to the public weal, is determined to starve its employees into submission. It is as a man-eating tiger, it waits patiently until their last penny is gone and then this forced to crawl back into their oppressor's employ. The spectacle is calculated to make men and angels shudder.

Will the Pullman company have the support of the public in carrying out this heinous policy? Shall the public be a party to the starvation and degradation of the more than 20,000 employees—men and women whose only crime is that they ask living wages? We believe—indeed, we know—what the people will do. We have faith in the American people. They uphold justice; they love fair play. And now, in the name of justice and fair play, we appeal to the great American people, not to ride in a Pullman car until the Pullman company does justice to its employees. The Pullman cars run absolutely empty. No friend of humanity will occupy a Pullman car. Let this policy be abandoned, and we will then see how long the Pullman companies will be bound by their contracts, as they have induced the public to believe, to haul Pullman cars.

We propose to continue this strike against the Pullman company through good and evil until such time as justice shall be done. There will be no surrender. We will use every available and lawful means to press the contest. Dungeons are not meant for the most cruel tyrants. Unless we are dead to every impulse of justice and fellow-feeling, must be crowned with success.

Persons desiring to contribute money or names to Pullman employees will please forward same to David V. Gladman, treasurer, Chicago, Ill.

It is requested that all papers throughout the country be favorable to labor, to justice, to humanity, copy this statement in full and keep it as long as possible.

Most earnestly appealing to the great public to take in this unequal contest between a rich, powerful, arrogant and defiant corporation and a hard-working, half-starved employee, and relying upon the implicit faith upon the powerful triumph of right, we subscribe ourselves very respectfully yours.

EDWARD V. DEBS, president. GEORGE W. HOWARD, vice president. SYLVESTER KELLER, secretary. L. W. ROGERS, editor Railway Times.

Twenty United States marshals on Monday arrested the following directors of the American Railway union whom are indictments for conspiracy to interfere with the mails and to violate the interstate commerce laws. Messrs. Burns, Doyle, Goodwin, Elliot and McVean. All gave bonds in the sum of \$3,000 each. Mr. Burns was indicted twice, under the statute making it an offense to deprive any citizen of his rights—to wit: S. H. Maxwell, a Pullman district seventeen days, twice as long as it was ever in force before. The expense to the Pullman company of keeping it out has been about \$100,000.

There is little doubt that rioting will break out any day. The Pullman company has been served with notice that unless they make an effort to open the Pullman district will be withdrawn. The Pullman district has now been closed for as long as it was ever in force before. The expense to the Pullman company of keeping it out has been about \$100,000.

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HAWAII A REPUBLIC.

The Proclamation Read by President Dole on July 4.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23.—The Steamship Rio Janeiro which has just arrived from Orient brought the following news from Honolulu:

HONOLULU, July 18.—The provisional government is no more and the republic of Hawaii holds the reins of power. But it is only a change of name; the same people are in power, and the avowed purpose of the government is the same—to obtain annexation to the United States. The new constitution, which was finished on the 3d, was promulgated on the 4th of July from the front steps of the former palace. A large crowd was present and when President Dole appeared he was greeted by a mighty cheer. While sur-



SANFORD B. DOLE.

rounded by his cabinet, the military and the members of the late constitutional government, he read the proclamation of the new republic, as follows:

"I, Sanford B. Dole, president of the provisional government of the Hawaiian Islands, by virtue of the charge given me by the executive and advisory councils of the provisional government and by act dated July 4, 1894, proclaim the republic of Hawaii as the sovereign authority over and throughout the Hawaiian Islands from this time forth. And I declare the constitution framed and adopted by the constitutional convention of 1894 to be the constitution and the supreme law of the republic of Hawaii, and by virtue of this constitution I now assume the office and authority of president thereof. Long live the republic."

After a great outburst of applause, Hon. J. W. Kalua read the proclamation in the Hawaiian language when the Hawaiian flag was displayed over the executive and judiciary buildings. The battery saluted and the band played Hawaii Ponoi. The president then took the oath of office and announced the names of his cabinet, the same as under the provisional government, Hatch, King, Damon and Smith. The officials then retired to the interior of the building, where the oath was administered to the cabinet, judiciary and higher officials, and to some hundreds of citizens, each of whom received certificates of the fact.

There was no military display whatever. The men on the Philadelphia were not landed, the government thinking it best not to give its enemies the chance to say, as they did before, that the change was made while United States troops were present to intimidate the royalists. Not the slightest demonstration was attempted by the supporters of the ex-queen. On the evening of the Fourth the annexationists held a big mass-meeting for the purpose of ratifying the new constitution.

A few evenings before the Fourth the royalists had a mass-meeting, at which about 3,000 were present, and passed resolutions protesting against the forming of the republic, claiming that President Cleveland had not yet answered the petition sent him by Liliuokalani to be restored to the throne. Copies of this resolution were sent to the representatives of foreign governments, with the request that they should not recognize the republic. It had no effect, however, as all these representatives have recognized it with the exception of Minister Woodhouse, the English minister, who stated that he would inform his government of the change.

The Fourth was celebrated in true American style, the double holiday making it peculiarly a day of justification for Americans. Captain of the Marines Cochrane, of the Philadelphia, delivered the oration. He showed himself an annexationist, opening his speech by saying that he hoped soon to be able to call those present fellow-citizens. Throughout his oration he lauded the provisional government and its supporters. Admiral Walker and his staff were present and the admiral evidently indorsed the speech of Capt. Cochrane. He was also at the executive building at the time of the promulgation, though not officially. The republic having been launched, Minister Thurston will probably return to Washington soon.

Minister Willis is formally recognizing the republic said that he expected the cordial approval of President Cleveland. The republic has been generally recognized by the various consuls.

A royalist commission, consisting of Samuel Parker, H. A. Wideman and John A. Cummings left for Washington on the Rio Janeiro July 13 to try to obtain an interview with the president with the idea of forcing him to give them an answer as to what he intends to do in the Hawaiian matter.

How It Is in Life.

A rooster flies up on the fence. Just hear him crow! His satisfaction is immense. His self-possession is intense; His lusty lungs give evidence That this is so.

Another rooster sees him there And hears him crow. With flapping wings he cleaves the air, The fence-top is too small to share. And so they fight, and scratch, and tear, Till down they go.

So 'tis in life. When any man Gets eminent Some jealous rival tries to please Some way to down him if he can; And if he just upsets the pan, He feels content.

—Somerville Journal.

Low Rates to St. Paul. On account of the Annual Convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America, the North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul, Minn., and return at half rates—one fare for the round trip; tickets on sale July 30 and 31, good for return passage until August 6, 1894, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

The desideratum in collars is something high enough to look uncomfortable and low enough to allow one to turn the head without swearing.—Puck.

Don't Give Up the Ship! So say those who, having experienced its benefits themselves, advise their despairing friends to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the combined evils—liver complaint, dyspepsia and irregularity of the bowels. Fruitful of benefit is the Bitters in malarial, rheumatic and kidney troubles and nervousness. Use the great remedy with persistence.

MAID—"I want you to come over this evening and meet Mr. Jingle. You are not acquainted, are you?" Grace—"No; we've only been engaged for a few months."—Inter Ocean.

The man who sits down to wait for somebody's old shoes will need a cushion on his chair before he gets them.

Red, angry eruptions yield to the action of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

The boy with an elastic step should go upstairs at a single bound.

THE MARKETS.

Table with columns for Market Type (LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, etc.), Location (NEW YORK, CHICAGO), and Price. Includes items like Sheep, Hogs, Flour, and Butter.

Table with columns for Market Type (BEEVES, HOGS, etc.), Location (CHICAGO), and Price. Includes items like Shipping Steers, Cows, and Hogs.

Table with columns for Market Type (LUMBER, POTATOES, etc.), Location (KANSAS CITY), and Price. Includes items like Lumber, Potatoes, and Pork.

Table with columns for Market Type (CATTLE, HOGS, etc.), Location (OMAHA), and Price. Includes items like Steers, Hogs, and Sheep.

Table with columns for Market Type (CATTLE, HOGS, etc.), Location (KANSAS CITY), and Price. Includes items like Steers, Hogs, and Sheep.

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The Best Things to Eat

Are made with ROYAL BAKING POWDER—bread, biscuit, cake, rolls, muffins, crusts, and the various pastries requiring a leavening or raising agent.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER is the greatest of time and labor savers to the pastry cook. Besides, it economizes flour, butter and eggs, and, best of all, makes the food more digestible and healthful.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

The Low Sun. Oh, level sun, thy broken rays Lie on the winding meadow ways, And by the stream long shadows fling From willow trees that hedge springs.

Oh, level sun, thy rays are tipped As wanders in thy soft circle dipped: Low-flying birds, touched as they pass, Flirt gilded wings from grass to grass.

Oh, level sun, these broken rays Prestage another death of days: On meadow ways shades pricked by light Move, merge and darken into night.

NEBBER measure a man's intellect by his size. I hab observed dat fine wine is mos' allus served up in small glasses, wile slop beer is invariably paraded in schooners.—Arkansaw Thomas Cat.

"A LETTER from your wife, eh? Anything new or strange happened?" "Well, I should say so; she doesn't ask for money."—Inter Ocean.

MAMMA—"Think of it, little Dick's father has been sent up for five years!" Harry—"Well, what'll he do with 'em when he gets 'em home?"—Inter Ocean.

METEOROLOGICAL.—Mathilde—"Do you have reindeer in Canada?" Underhill (quickly)—"Yes, love; but it sometimes snows."—Truth.

Eight fingers would be enough to make money with if we didn't have about twenty for it to slip through.—Puck.

USUALLY thin.—She—"What are these pastels in prose?" He—"It is wit in water-colors."—Brooklyn Eagle.

When a boy is vaccinated, he usually sees the point.

The man who is willing to do as he would be done by wants to be done by first.

The worst robbers are not those who carry clubs.—Ram's Horn.

UNFORTUNATELY summer musicians are not all of good, sound judgment.—Syracuse Courier.

LINEN collars are the most numerous victims of "prostration by heat."—Puck.

GENIUS is madness—without the free accommodations.—Puck.

It is unfortunate for a shoemaker when his customers are unable to foot their bills.

"Let us sweep," the housemaid whispered to the new broom.

EVERY man has his own peculiar bent, especially the one whose ways are crooked.

GOOD SPIRITS

Follow good health while low spirits, melancholia, impaired memory, morose, or irritable temper, from pernicious solitary practices, often indulged in by the young, through ignorance of their ruinous consequences. Nervous debility, and loss of manly power, not infrequently result from such unnatural habits.

To reach, regain and restore such unfortunate to health and happiness, is the aim of an association of medical gentlemen, who have prepared a treatise, written in plain but concise language and treating of the nature, symptoms and curability, by home treatment, of such diseases.

A copy of this useful book will, on receipt of this notice, with 10 cents in stamps, for postage, be mailed securely sealed in a plain envelope. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

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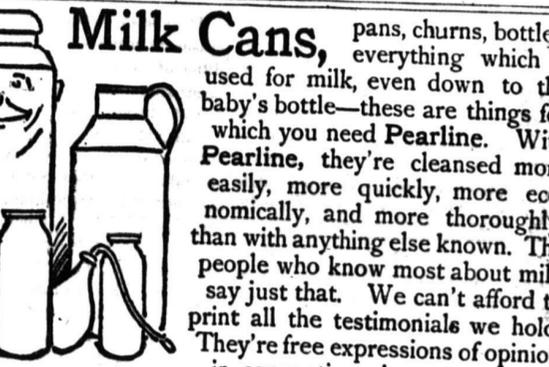


KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



Milk Cans, pans, churns, bottles,

used for milk, even down to the baby's bottle—these are things for which you need Pearline. With Pearline, they're cleansed more easily, more quickly, more economically, and more thoroughly, than with anything else known. The people who know most about milk say just that. We can't afford to print all the testimonials we hold.

They're free expressions of opinion—in conventions, in papers, everywhere where milk folks have a voice. Their enthusiasm about Pearline is genuine. And it's natural. For all kinds of washing and cleaning, nothing equals Pearline.



MATILDA.—It was a good turn you did me when you told me of Santa Claus Soap. It makes the clothes whiter than any other, and saves time and work.

MARY.—Yes, and it does a good deal for the hands or the clothes.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

WELLY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

People should be careful about using ice drinks, either water, tea or lemonade, at meal time during the excessively hot weather. Nothing is more injurious than taking ice water into the stomach with hot food.

Some churches invite the attendance of bicyclers by preparing a receptacle where their wheels may be kept during the service, and announcing the same from the pulpit, which is a good idea, as they could not roll them down the aisles and stand them against the pew doors or hand them over to the sexton for safe keeping.

A young man convicted of burglary fainted when he heard the verdict. The conviction was on circumstantial evidences none of which appears so strong as the circumstantial evidence of innocence afforded by the swoon.

It is said the sting of the 17 year locust is very poisonous and sometimes fatal. We are also told that the English sparrows are great enemies of the locusts.

They do things with a great deal of finish sometimes, down in Georgia. A couple of young people were to have been married. All arrangements were made.

The following bit of good advice comes from the Eaton Rapids Herald: "It would be a good plan to pass an ordinance preventing children from running at large on the streets after certain hours in the evening."

Sales by auction, so far from being an invention of late years, were known as far back as the time of the Romans. It is supposed by some that they chiefly used the plan to dispose of the spoils taken in war.

The country newspaper is the most useful and least compensated of all the agencies which stamp the impress of progress of villages and inland cities. Without the aid of a local newspaper, local towns are, as a rule, thriftless and dead.

Some curious marriage statistics of England and Wales have recently been made public. Taking all persons above 15 years of age, there are 8,716,363 unmarried males, 4,851,548 married males and 484,990 widowers, against 8,908,665 unmarried females, 4,916,649 married females, and 1,124,810 widows.

The oldest bank notes are the "flying money" or "convenient money" first issued in China, 2607 B. C. Originally these notes were issued by the treasury, but experience dictated a change to the system of banks under government control.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result.

In Memoriam.

Clarence H. Webb was born at Merrick, Dickey county, North Dakota, Oct. 26, 1888, and died May 5, 1894, aged 4 years, 6 months and five days.

The promise of youth may not always be realized. And while parents expect much, God some times grants them more than they ask. Thus it was in the home of brother and sister Webb. They asked for physical health and strength for their little one, and God gave that which was far better, spiritual health, and it was granted unto them that ere little Clarence should have received the blighting stain of sin, while the innocence of childhood was on his brow, our heavenly Father said, "It is enough, Come up higher."

Three children are left to comfort the bereaved parents and a host of friends mourn their loss. The contagion of that dread disease (scarlet fever) prevented funeral services being held and on the 17th day of June a joint memorial service was held for Clarence and his cousin, Maud Glenn.

The swelling bud of promise The rich perfume of youth. The opening flowers of life Have blossomed into Truth.

Our Water Supply. There seems to be just now one of those spasmodic revivals of interest in the condition of the water supply that occasionally occur after some epidemic or other visitation of disease.

A Quarter Century Test. For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs.

Curious Marriage Statistics.

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Why Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result.

Growth of "Christian Endeavor."

Christian Endeavor has had a marvelous growth in its fourteen years. It has passed the "big boy" period and is far on the way to matured manhood. Its progress is indicated in the following statistics:

Table with 2 columns: Societies, Members. Rows show growth from 1881 to 1894.

Excursion.

Odd Fellows meeting, Charlotte, Mich., Aug. 20-22, 1894. Rate of one and one-third first class fare for round trip.

Peninsular Sangerbund, Bay City, Mich., Aug. 7 to 9, 1894. Rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip.

Camp Meeting, Eaton Rapids, July 26 to Aug. 5, inclusive, good to return until Aug. 6, 1894.

Prohibition State Convention, Kalamazoo, August 8, 1894. Rate of one first-class fare for round trip is authorized for the above occasion to Kalamazoo and return.

Republican State Convention, Grand Rapids, July 30-31. Rate of one first class limited fare for the round trip is authorized for the above occasion from points in Michigan to Grand Rapids, Mich., and return.

Barum & Bailey shows, Jackson, Aug. 7th. Rate of one and one-half cents per mile each way for the round trip, plus 50 cents for admission ticket.

Emancipation Day Celebrations, Jackson and Detroit, a rate of one and one-half cents per mile in each direction from points within 50 miles of celebrations, for the round trip. Dates of sale, Aug. 1, good to return Aug. 2, 1894.

Union Veteran's Union National Encampment and Woman's Veteran Relief Union, Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 21-23, 1894. Rate of one lowest first-class limited fare for round trip.

Annual Encampment, Sons of Veterans, Davenport, Ia., Aug. 20-24, 1894. Rate of one and one-third lowest first-class limited fare for round trip.

German Day Celebration, Chelsea, Aug. 9, 1894, a rate of one and one-third first class fare for the round trip, between Jackson and Ypsilanti, inclusive.

A Quarter Century Test.

For a quarter of a century Dr. King's New Discovery has been tested, and the millions who have received benefit from its use testify to its wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs.

Markets.

Table listing market prices for various goods like Eggs, Butter, Oats, Corn, Wheat, Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required.

A copy: I find Grape Leaf Baking Powder manufactured by Geo. G. Harris Mfg. Co. of Ypsilanti, to be a straight tartrate powder made from the best materials...

Stockbridge Races August 1, 2 and 3, 1894. Three days; nine races; three good races each day; a big field of horses. Pacing, free for all 2:40, and 3-year-old. Trotting, free for all 2:30, 2:37, 2:49. 3-year-old and 2-year-old open to horses from any quarter.

WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN. Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretion and later excesses. Read DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN Have Done. At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became dull. Dreams and drains at night weakened me.

Commissioners' Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Lewis S. Hadley, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the City of Lyndon in said County, on the 22nd day of August and on the 29th day of November next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said dates to receive, examine and adjust said claims. Dated May 23rd, 1894. GEORGE MARSHALL, Commissioner. HARRISON HADLEY, Executor.

Mortgage Sale. DEFAULT having been made in the condition of a mortgage executed by Jesse Young and Annette Young to Joseph T. McIntire on May 28th, 1892, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, Michigan, May 10, 1892, in Liber 707, Mortgages on page 99 upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorney's fees, the sum of \$100.00, I hereby give notice that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on the 31st day of August next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the southerly front door of the County House in the city of Ann Arbor in said County to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and all legal costs, towing in the west half of the north-west quarter section Twenty-six Township of Ypsilanti, Washtenaw County, State of Michigan. Dated, June 5th, 1894. JOSEPH T. MCINTIRE, Mortgagee. D. C. GRIFFEN, Attorney for Mortgagee.